



June 27, 2025

Brian Herrera
Executive Pastor
Radiant Life Church
7100 Post Road
Dublin, OH, 43016

Re: Radiant Life Church – Soccer Fields
7100 Post Road, Dublin, OH 43016
Revised Traffic Memo

Mr. Herrera:

E.L. Robinson Engineering (ELR) has been tasked by Radiant Life Church to perform a Trip Generation Study for the addition of soccer fields to the existing church property at 7100 Post Road Dublin, Ohio.

The property is located east of the US-33/Post Road interchange where Post Road is classified as a Collector with a 35 MPH Speed Limit and 40 MPH Design Speed. Existing pedestrian facilities exist along Perimeter Dr which connects to the church entrance via a sidewalk along Post Rd. The proposed fields will be located on vacant land north of the current church building and will utilize the current parking lot and driveway. It is understood that the development will consist of up to four soccer fields of varying configurations. The fields will primarily be used as a practice facility for a small Dublin based soccer group, DSX Soccer Club, for weekday and Saturday practices according to the Development and Management Plan document. The league organizer may use the facility for morning and/or afternoon summer camps that are expected to have a similar traffic impact as practices. No tournaments or formal scheduled games will be held. This is not intended to be a large multiuse sports park. The plans do not call for any seating, lighting, or concessions that would typically be seen at larger facilities. Expectations are that participants will utilize the church parking area. This commitment will be communicated to parents and visitors. The fields will not be used by DSX Soccer Club on Sundays, and hours of use for the fields on other days will be limited.

To determine the impacts of this change in use on the existing roadway network, the estimated trips were determined for the anticipated fields based on the methodologies contained in the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE's) Trip Generation Manual, 11th Edition. The Soccer Complex (488) land use code was used based on the maximum four possible fields. It should be noted that many of the available projections are based on a very small sample size.

Further, ITE's Soccer Complex projections appear to be based on large multifield game facilities which according to ITE may include amenities such as stadium seating, fitness trail, activities

Soccer Complex (488)

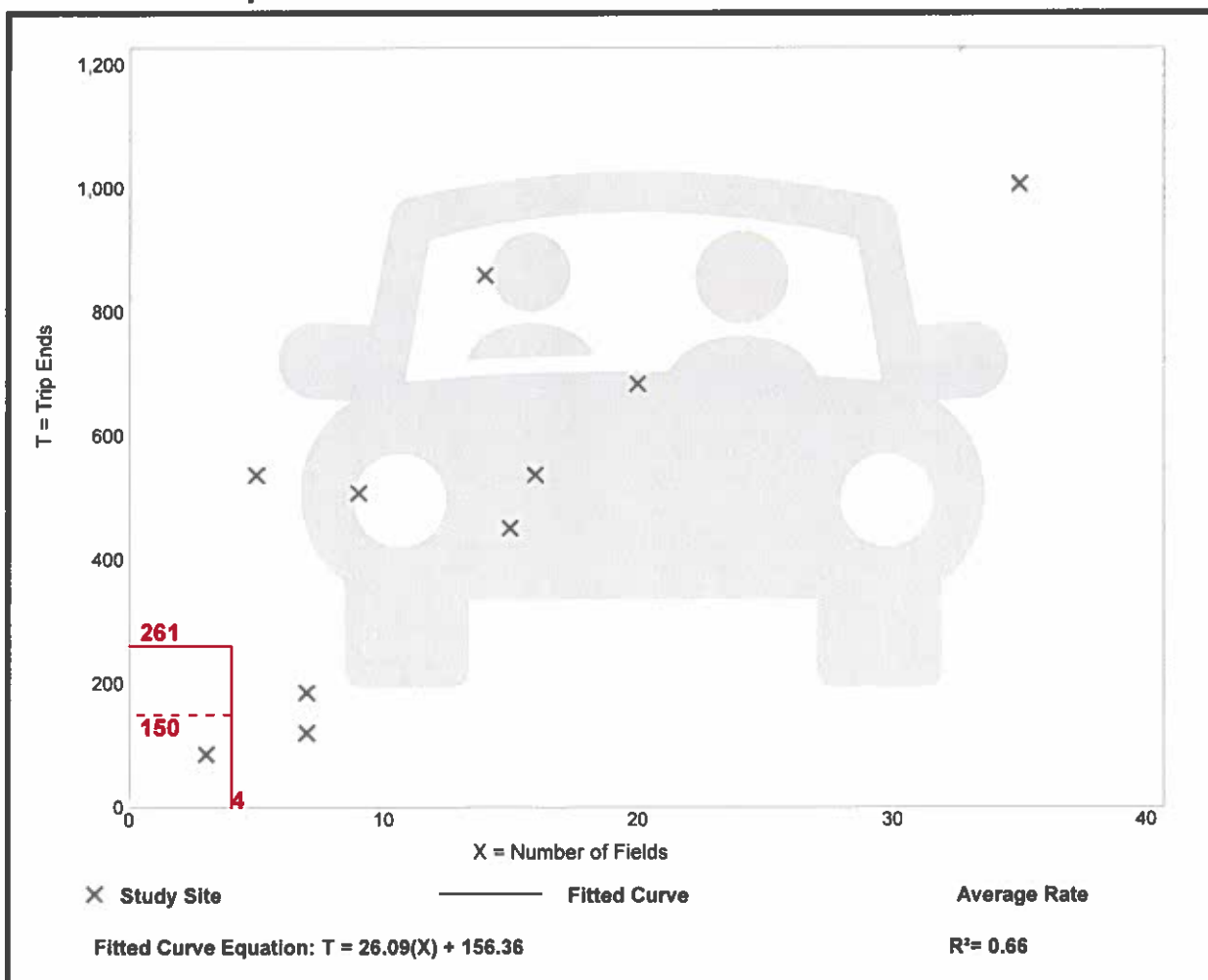
Vehicle Trip Ends vs: **Fields**
On a: **Saturday, Peak Hour of Generator**

Setting/Location: **General Urban/Suburban**
Number of Studies: **11**
Avg. Num. of Fields: **14**
Directional Distribution: **48% entering, 52% exiting**

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
37.48	17.14 - 107.40	17.87

Data Plot and Equation



Soccer Complex (488)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: **Fields**
On a: **Weekday**

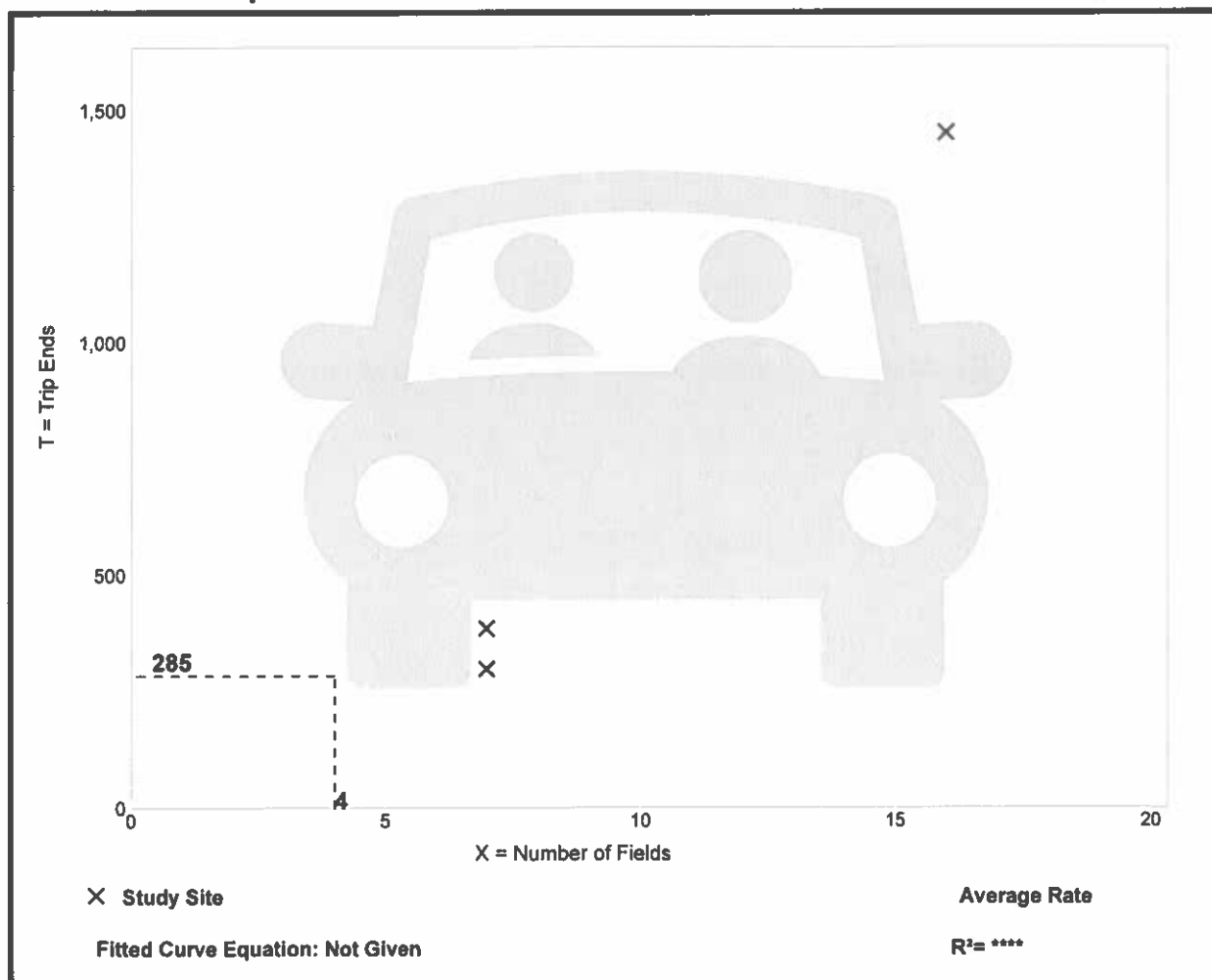
Setting/Location: **General Urban/Suburban**
Number of Studies: **3**
Avg. Num. of Fields: **10**
Directional Distribution: **50% entering, 50% exiting**

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
71.33	42.86 - 90.81	26.03

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



Soccer Complex (488)

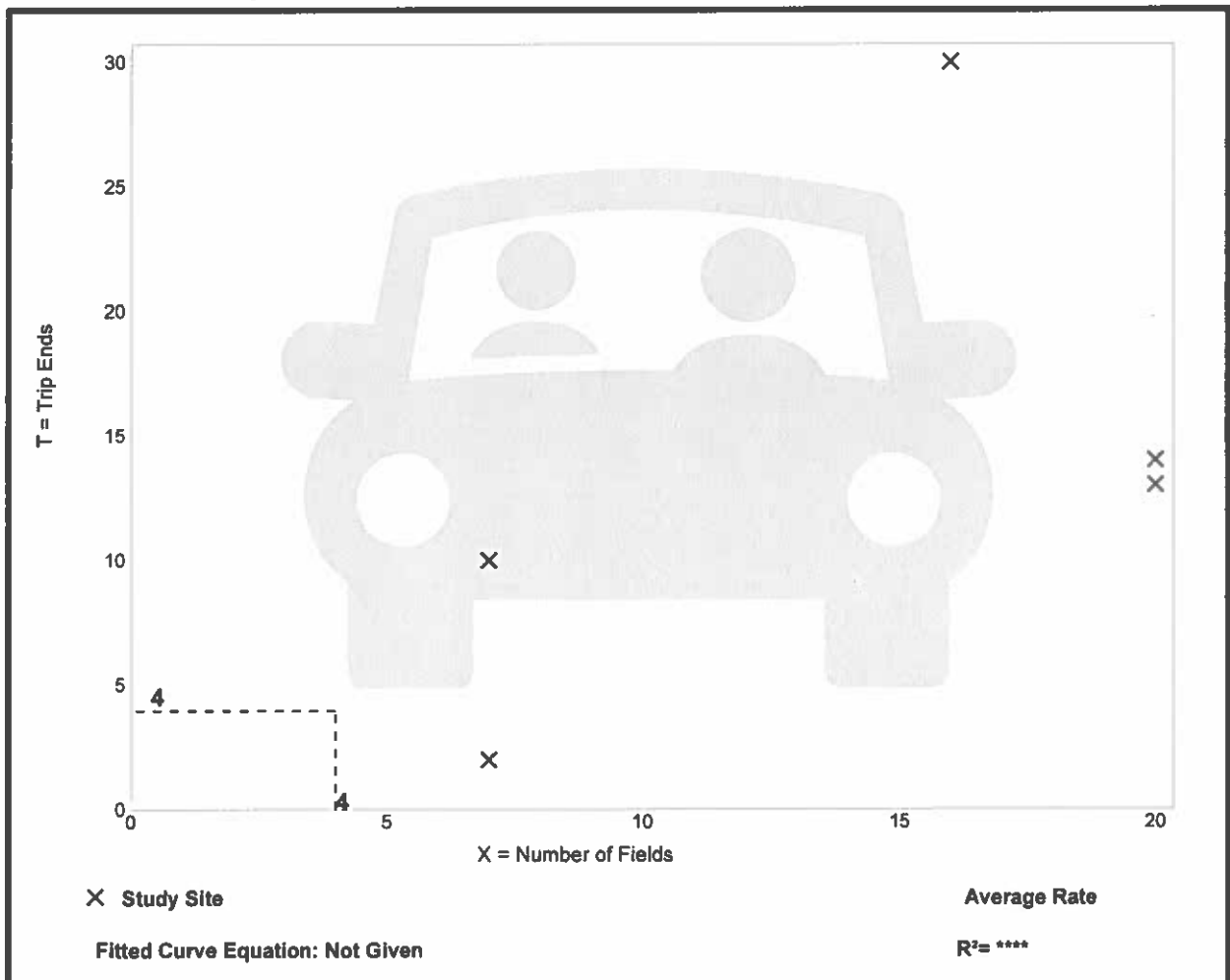
Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Fields
On a: Weekday,
Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,
One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.
Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban
 Number of Studies: 5
 Avg. Num. of Fields: 14
 Directional Distribution: 61% entering, 39% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.99	0.29 - 1.88	0.62

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



Soccer Complex (488)

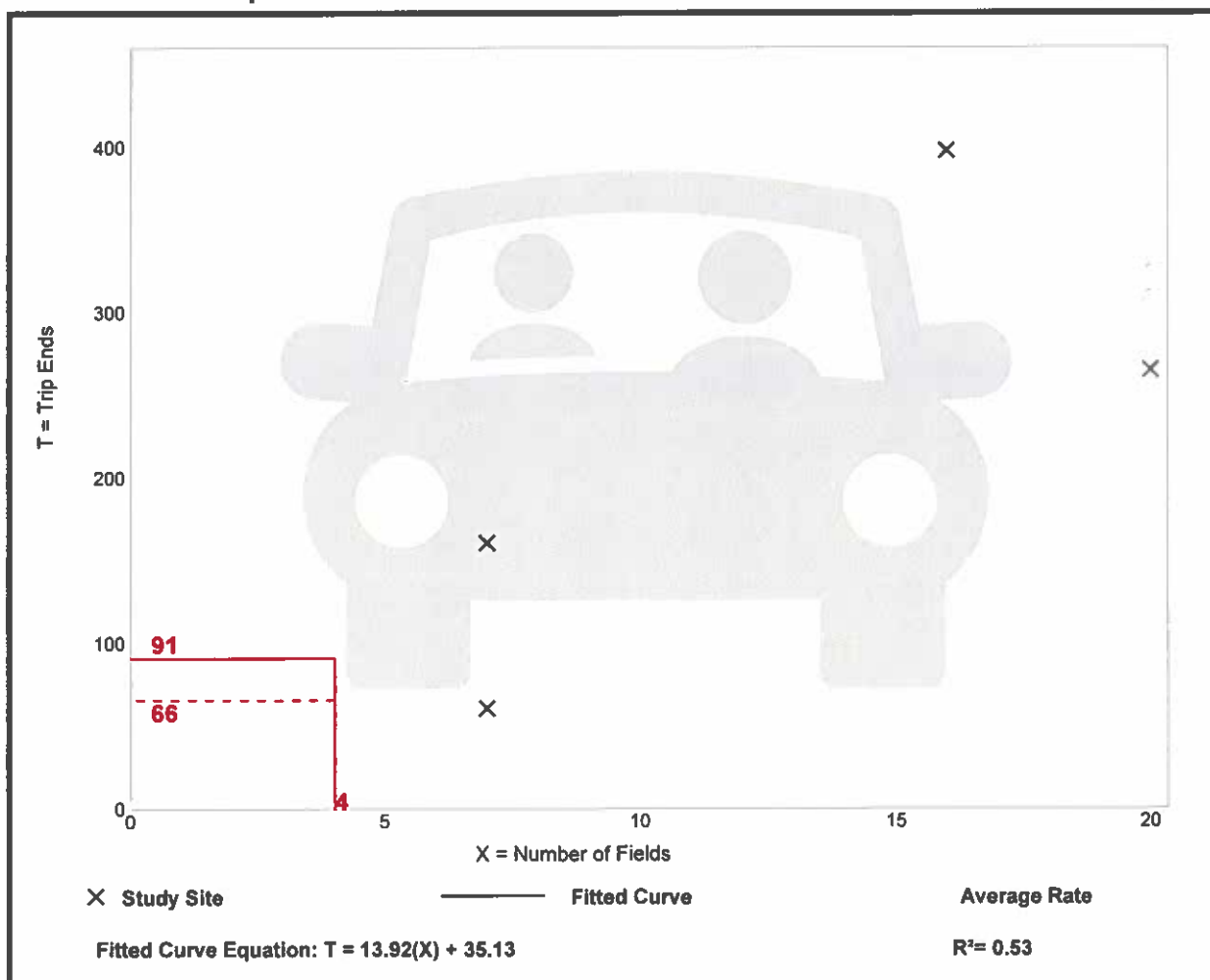
Vehicle Trip Ends vs: **Fields**
 On a: **Weekday,**
Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,
One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.
 Setting/Location: **General Urban/Suburban**
 Number of Studies: **5**
 Avg. Num. of Fields: **14**
 Directional Distribution: **66% entering, 34% exiting**

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
16.43	8.71 - 24.88	6.36

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



Soccer Complex (488)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Fields
On a: Weekday,
AM Peak Hour of Generator

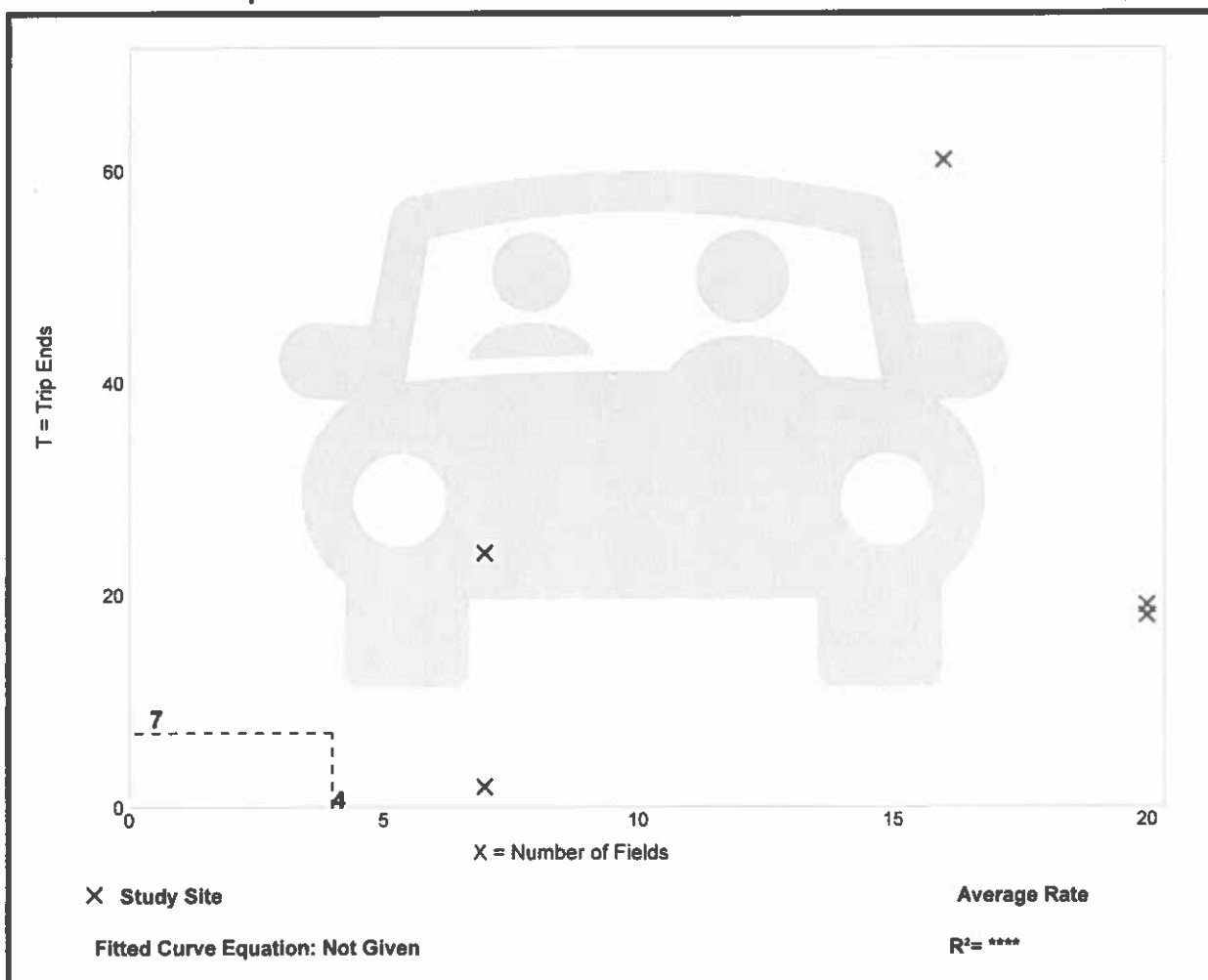
Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban
 Number of Studies: 5
 Avg. Num. of Fields: 14
 Directional Distribution: 53% entering, 47% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
1.77	0.29 - 3.81	1.52

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



shelter, aquatic center, picnic grounds, basketball and tennis courts, and playgrounds. The proposed change of use does not include any of these features; therefore, trip generation is expected to be on the low end of these values.

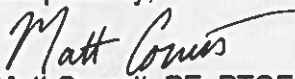
Only the Saturday Peak Hour volume was based on a reasonable number of study sites. The resulting projection for the four potential fields was 261 trips (total entering and exiting) during the peak (busiest) hour of the site. Each trip utilizes 48% entering and 52% exiting distribution. This results in about 125 vehicles entering and 136 vehicles exiting in the peak hour. This estimation appears to be reasonable for a practice/camp situation occurring on the weekends. Experience from the soccer organizer's perspective suggests that in a four-field practice/camp scenario, roughly 120 vehicles may be present at a given time. Other ITE data available is shown in the attached documentation; however, the small sample size makes this data less reliable and has not been used for projection purposes. To compare the volume associated with the soccer fields, Post Road has an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) of 4,356 vehicles per day according to the Ohio Department of Transportation data.

Given the primary use of the fields as a practice facility, an estimated trip generation can be more reasonably obtained by using the likely number of participants. Practice is planned to be weekdays, in the late afternoon to evening, and on Saturdays between 8:00 A.M. and 1:00 P.M. No practices will be permitted on Sundays. It can be assumed that each soccer player will be driven to the facility, dropped off, and picked up following practice. This results in four trip ends (50% entering and 50% exiting) per player for the weekday peak usage. With up to four fields, a maximum 80 players could practice at one time based on the Development and Management Plan document which results in 160 peak trip ends per practice session without accounting for shared trip or multimodal aspect which would further reduce vehicular trips.

The current church facility has 288 parking spaces. Based on the projected practice/camp scenario, the available parking at the church exceeds the projected 149 peak hour trips. Some research suggests that 50 to 100 spaces per field be provided for a sports park. While this facility does not have many of the features associated with a sports park, the 288 parking spaces available on the church property exceed this recommendation. The current parking is ample enough to even meet this recommendation for a four-field game scenario.

Based on discussion with the church, the parking lot is generally full during Sunday church services. As church service begins or ends the 288 vehicles will enter or exit the parking lot. These 288 vehicles likely exceed that of the planned soccer facility usage. As such, the planned soccer facility is expected to have less impact than the current church usage.

Respectfully,


Matt Cornett, PE, PTOE
Transportation Group Manager

enclosure (1)

c: file (24053)



Soccer Complex (488)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Fields
On a: Weekday,
PM Peak Hour of Generator

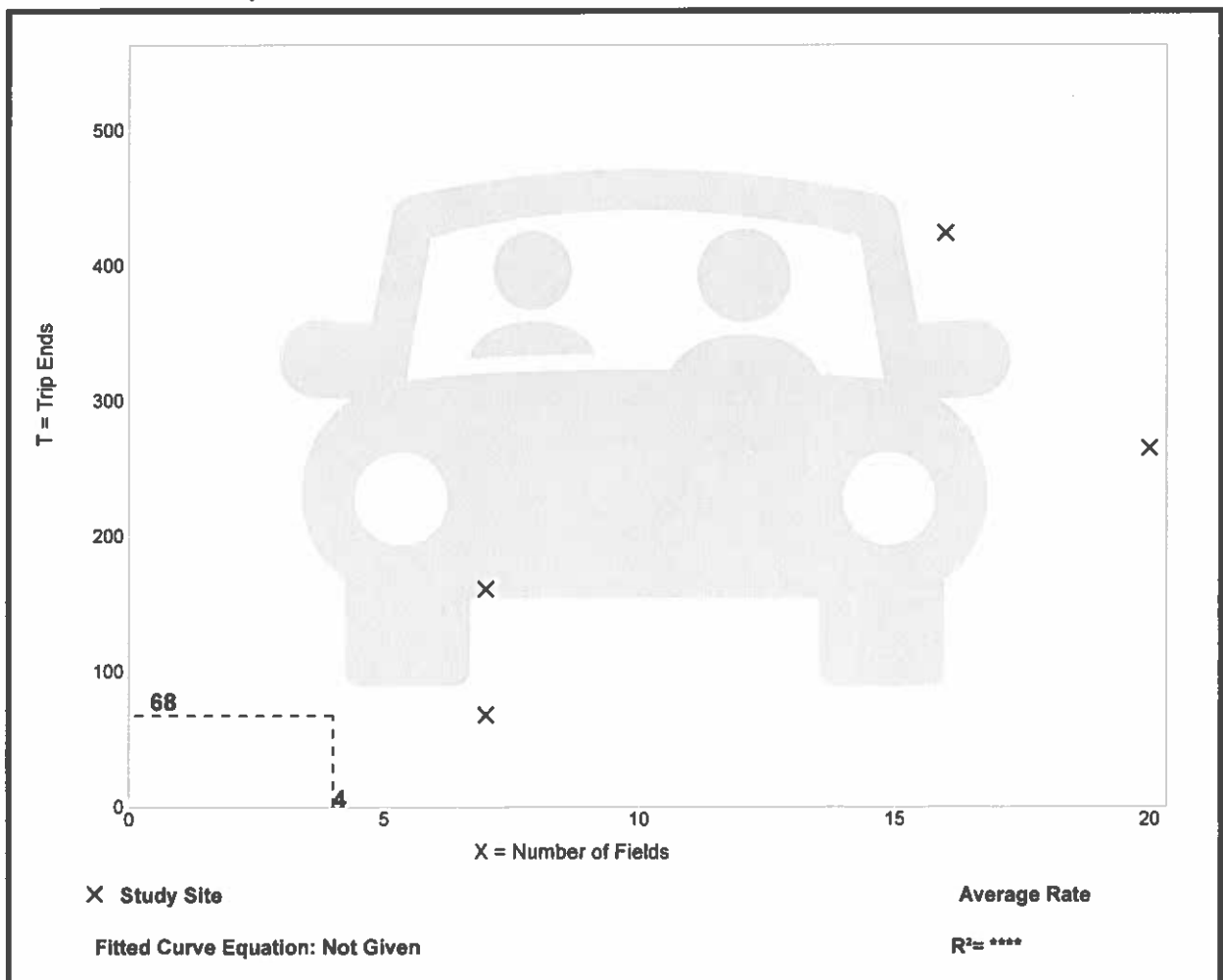
Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban
 Number of Studies: 5
 Avg. Num. of Fields: 14
 Directional Distribution: 47% entering, 53% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
16.90	9.71 - 26.50	6.85

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



Soccer Complex (488)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: **Fields**
On a: **Saturday**

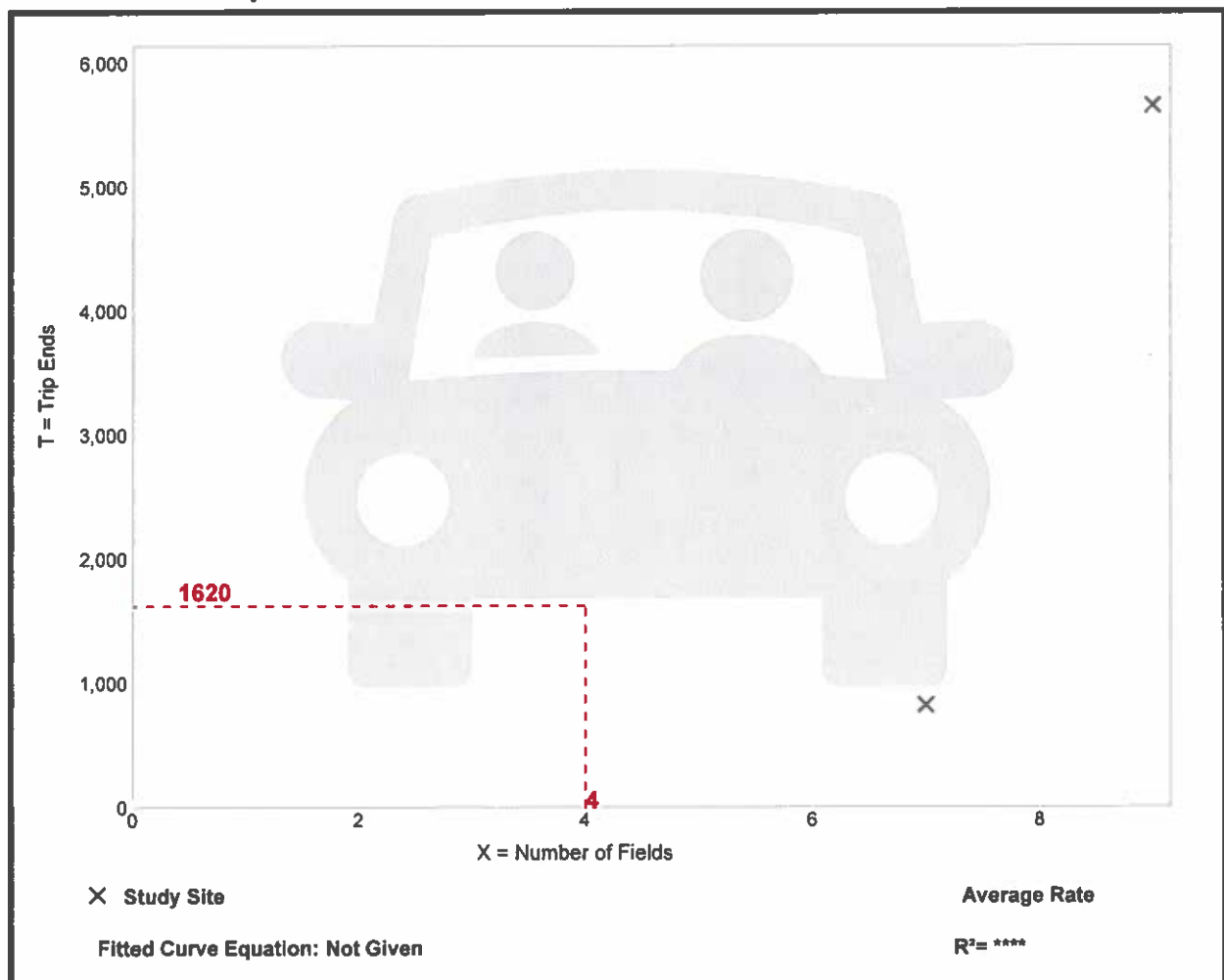
Setting/Location: **General Urban/Suburban**
Number of Studies: **2**
Avg. Num. of Fields: **8**
Directional Distribution: **50% entering, 50% exiting**

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
404.88	117.43 - 628.44	*

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



Soccer Complex (488)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Fields
On a: Sunday, Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban
Number of Studies: 3
Avg. Num. of Fields: 25
Directional Distribution: 46% entering, 54% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Field

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
28.65	28.10 - 29.45	0.62

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size

