

DUBLIN WEST INNOVATION DISTRICT (WID)

SETBACK & SCREENING STUDY

JANUARY 2026

OBJECTIVES

The intent of this study is to:

- Desired updates to the approach for screening the view of future buildings, service areas, and parking from the public ROW (streets, sidewalks, trails) and existing residences.
- Desired character of the public realm in the WID.
- Method for implementing the desired screening requirements:
 1. Zoning Code Updates
 2. Design Guidelines

Key objectives for the WID through this study include:

- Applying sustainability practices.
- Protecting economic viability/development potential of properties.
- Establishing clarity and predictability in expectations for screening/buffering.

ASSESSING CURRENT CONDITIONS

Existing Setback Requirements

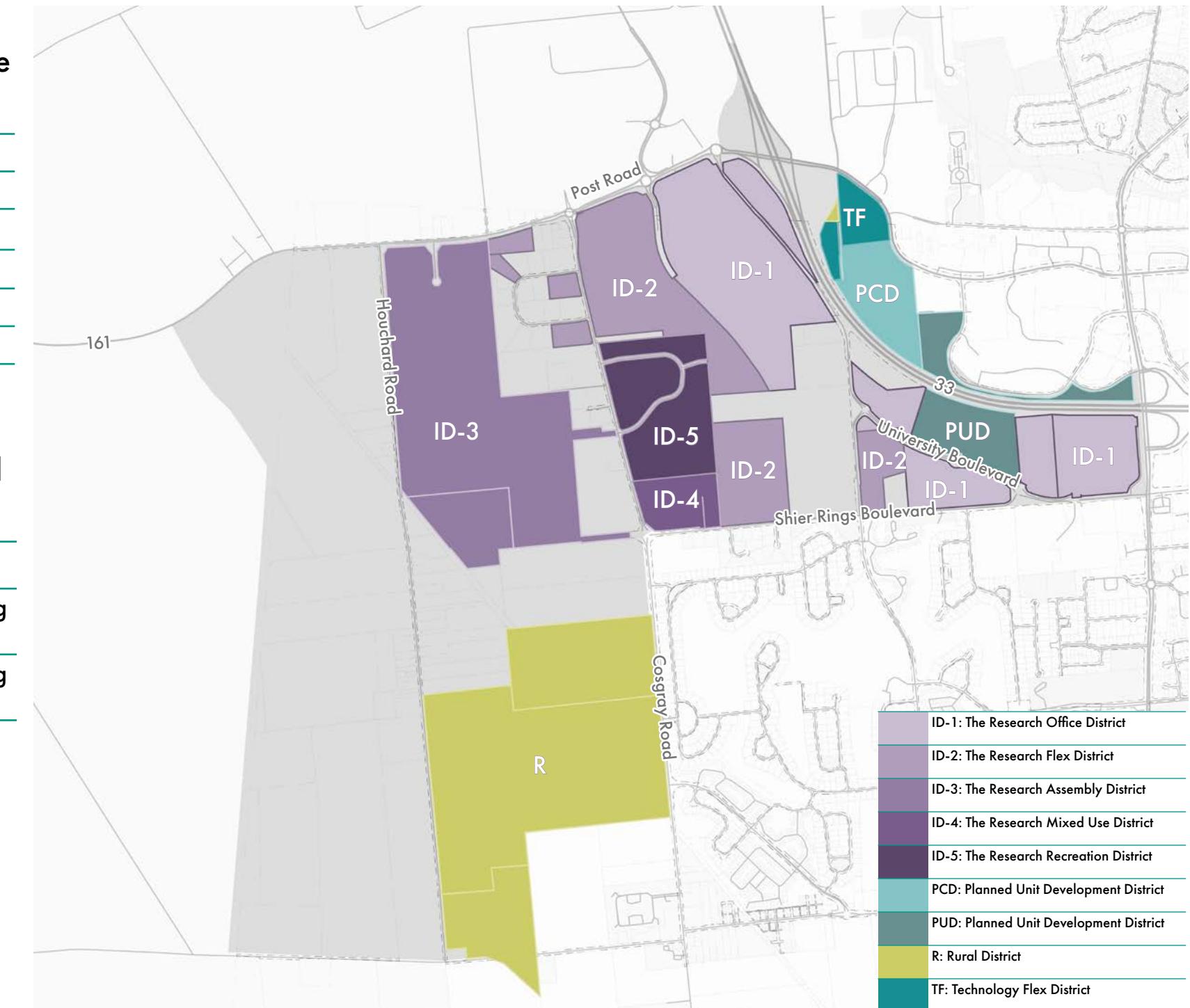
WEST INNOVATION DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

Within the West Innovation District, side and rear setback requirements are determined by both the height of the structure and the zoning district in which it is located.

Building Height	Side/Rear Building Setbacks			
	ID-1	ID-2	ID-3	ID-4
17'	30'	15'	30'	15'
>17'-34'	35'	20'	35'	20'
>34'-51'	50'	35'	50'	35'
>51'	75'	50'	75'	50'

For pavement setbacks including open storage and service and loading areas except for common access drives or shared service courts requirements are:

Type	Required Setback
Side	$\geq 15', \geq 30'$ from any residential zoning district or a residential zoning district of a residential subarea of a planned development district
Back	$\geq 25, \geq 50'$ from any residential zoning district or a residential zoning district of a residential subarea of a planned development district

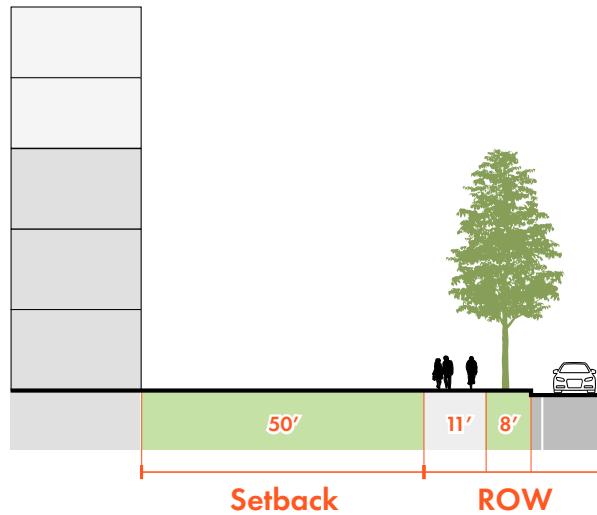


Existing Setback Requirements

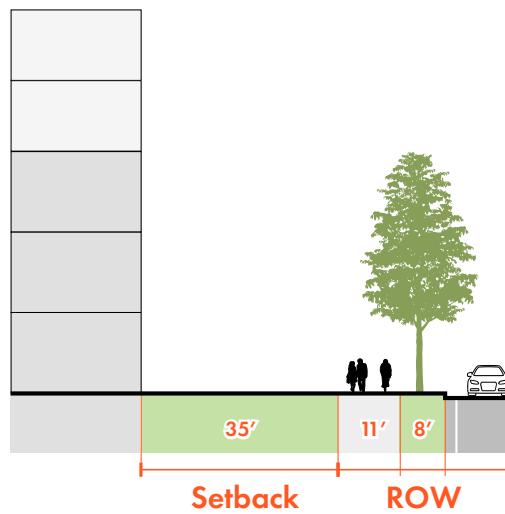
WEST INNOVATION DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

Within the West Innovation District, front setback requirements for structures are determined by road type in the EAZ Transportation Plan.

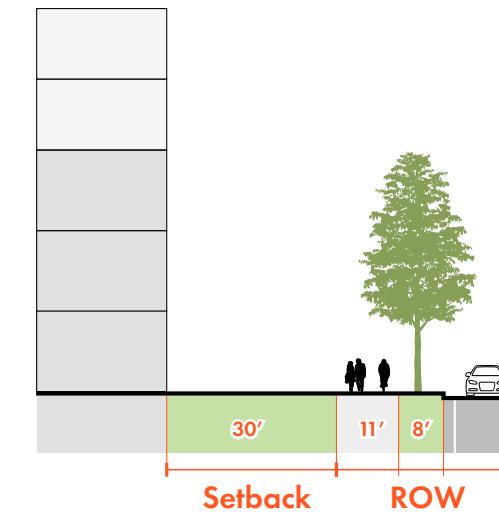
Arterial Required Front Setback: 50'



Collectors Required Front Setback: 35'



Local Required Front Setback: 30'



Existing Developments

WEST INNOVATION DISTRICT

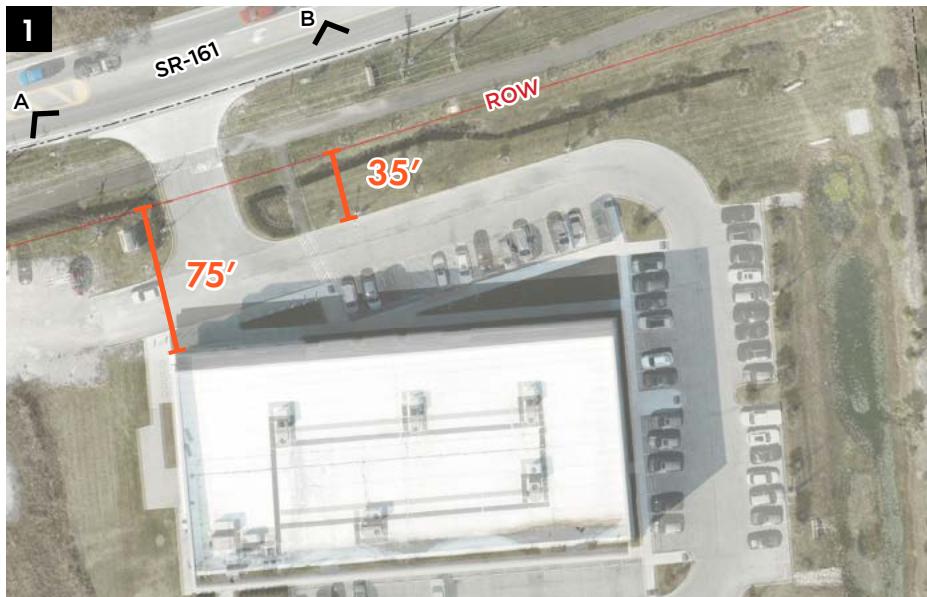
Vadata Inc Houchard Rd (Collector), WID



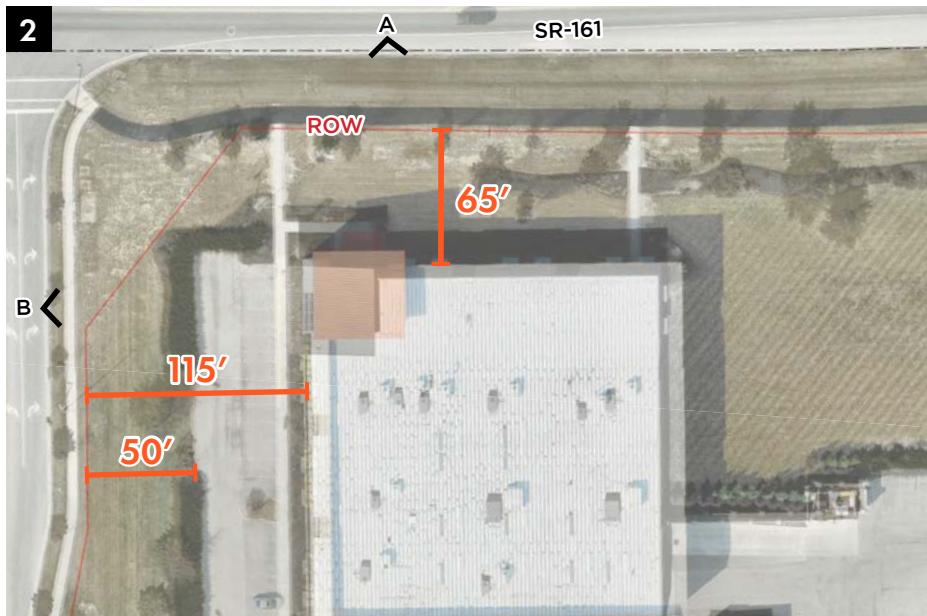
Existing Developments

WEST INNOVATION DISTRICT

Urban Air Trampoline and Adventure Park Dublin Plain City Rd (Major Arterial), WID



Command Alkon (Tuttle Emerald Development LLC) Dublin Plain City Rd (Major Arterial), WID



Seasonality

WEST INNOVATION DISTRICT



Summer

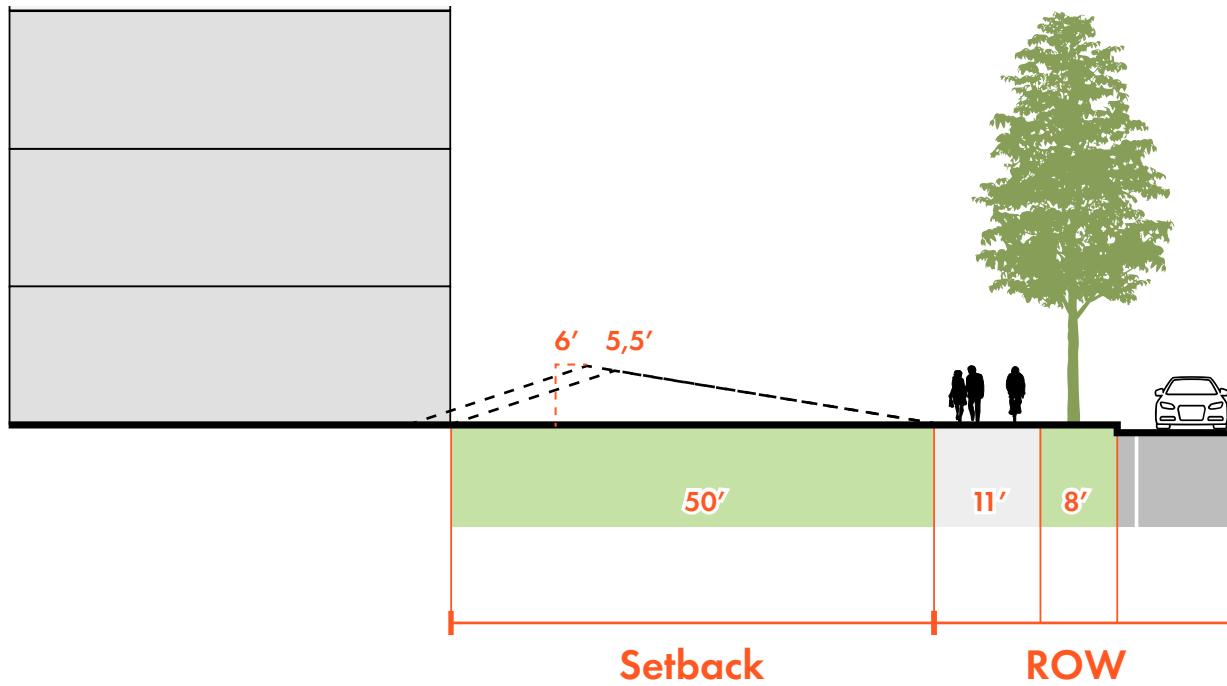


Winter

Arterial Streets

50' SETBACK (CURRENT REQUIREMENTS)

Mound Height: 6'

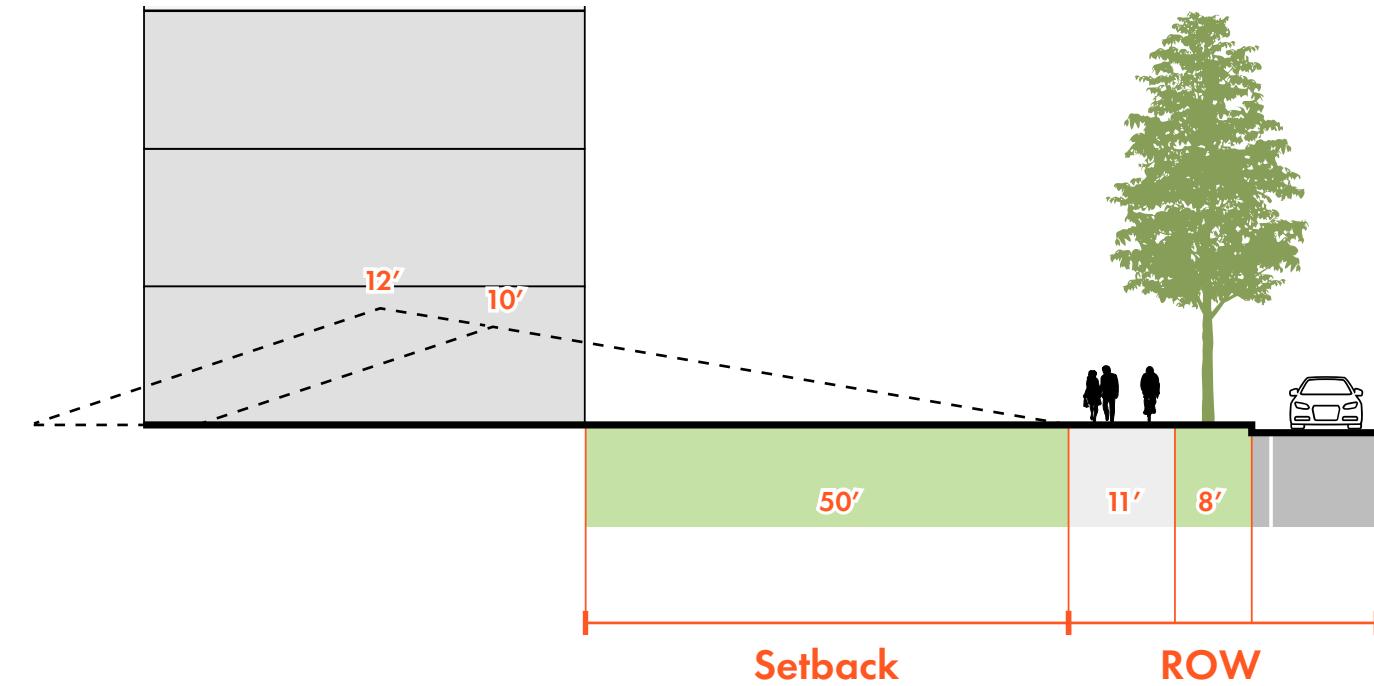


Height 5.5-6'

Setback 50 ft

Mounding Front slope - 6:1
Back slope - 3:1

Mound Height: 10-12'



Height 10-12'

Setback 50 ft

Mounding Front slope - 6:1
Back slope - 3:1

Key Takeaways

EXISTING CONDITIONS ASSESSMENT

- Original WID setbacks and screening were established following traditional Dublin landscape treatments intended to screen parking lots while retaining views to corporate office buildings from the public right-of-way; considerations should be made for changes to standards.
- Additional setbacks may be needed to accommodate desired mounding in some locations.
- Landscape and planting strategies can be updated to align with best practices to support long-term tree health, species variety, and sustainability.
- Setbacks provide an opportunity for placemaking, highlight Dublin character, and passive recreation.

MOUND, LANDSCAPE, & SETBACK CONSIDERATIONS

Maintaining Rural Character

WHAT IS THE APPROACH?

Given that the current WID landscape character is primarily agricultural and rural, the approach to planting and design within development setbacks should aim to maintain this character, as recommended in the Envision Dublin Community Plan.

HOW TO IMPLEMENT

- Preserve tree rows & stands of trees (especially along field edges)
- Native grasslands/ prairie and open canopy plantings along road corridors
- Periodic small structures / uses close to road (house, gas station, church, graveyard, etc.)
- Periodic vistas with long views into space - farm field, pasture, horse farm, prairie

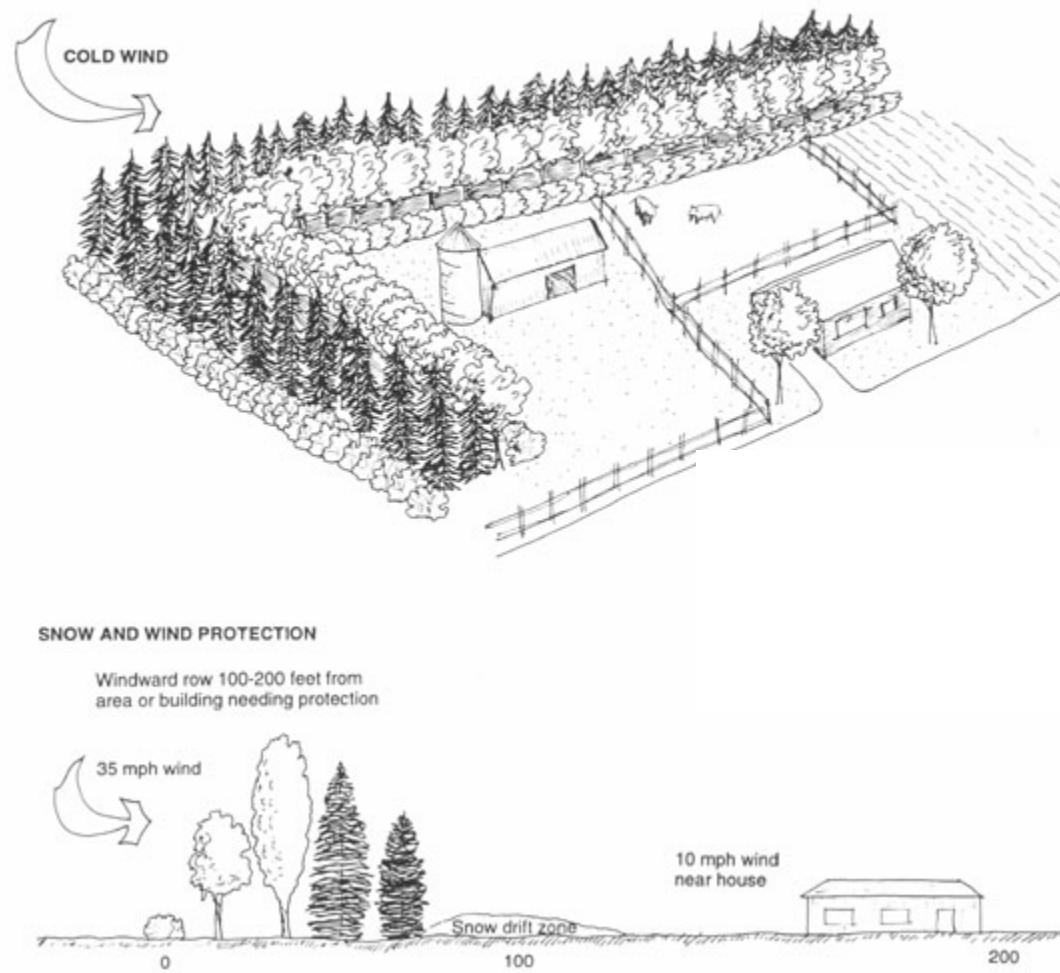


Maintaining Rural Character

RURAL "WIND BREAKS"

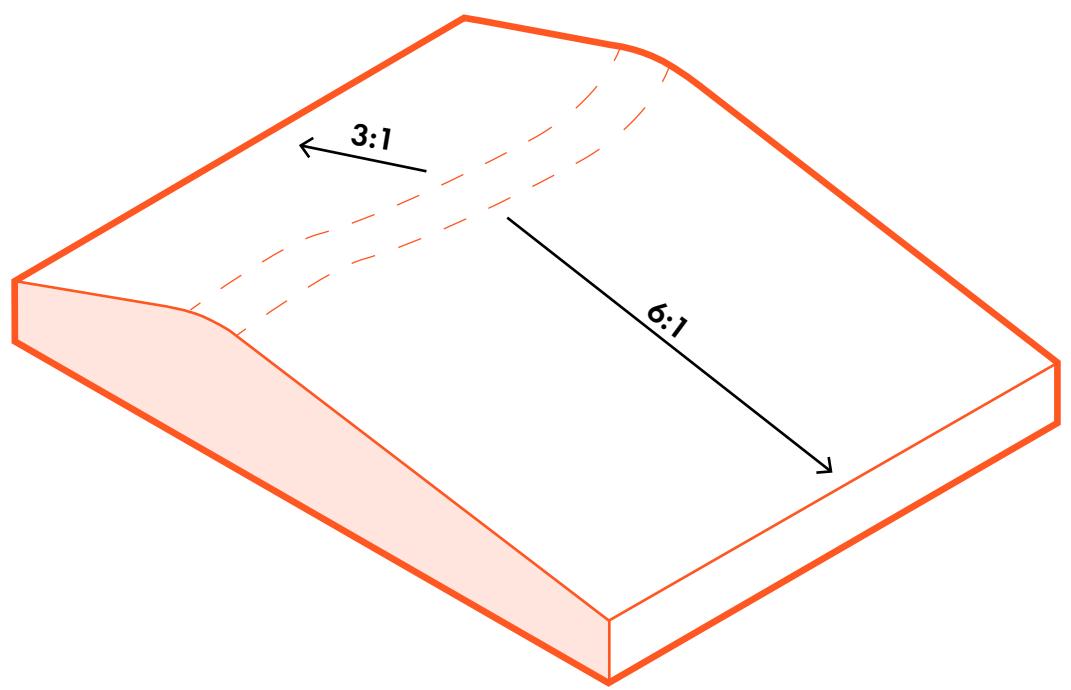
Windbreaks or shelter belts have historically been implemented in rural or agricultural contexts for property delineation or soil conservation.

Figure 3. *Farmstead Windbreak*.



Slopes

MOUNDING CONSIDERATIONS



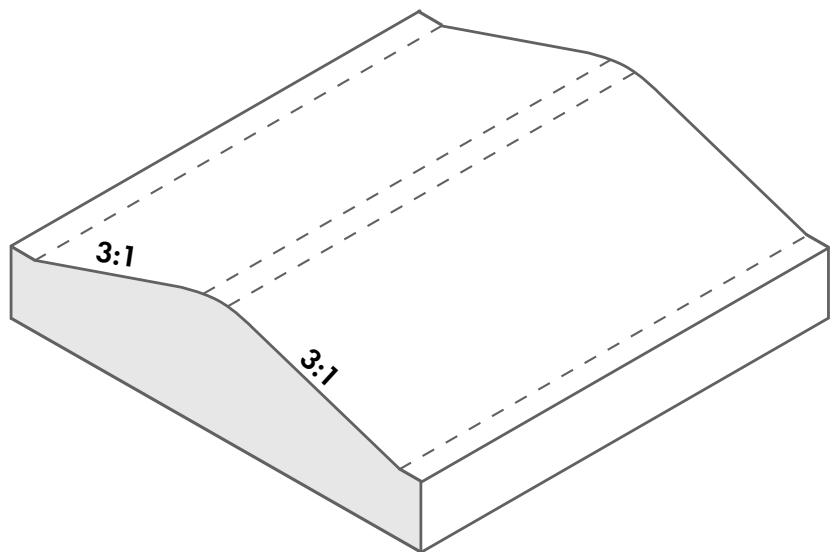
- 6:1 average slope (max) on the public side is our recommendation for a naturalized condition.
- 3:1 slope on the private side to reduce the depth of the slope and maximize developable land.



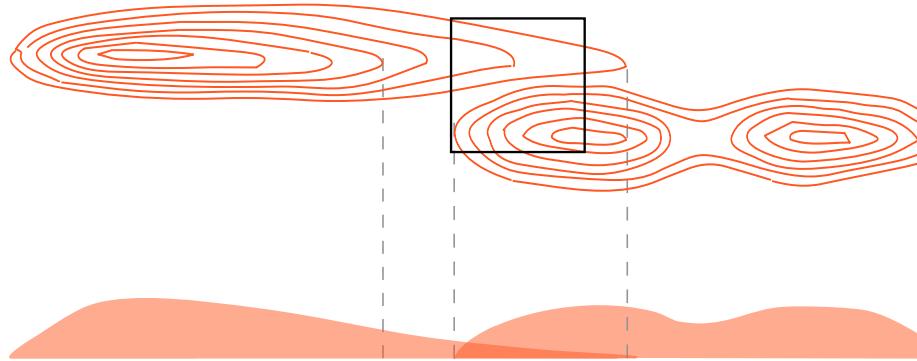
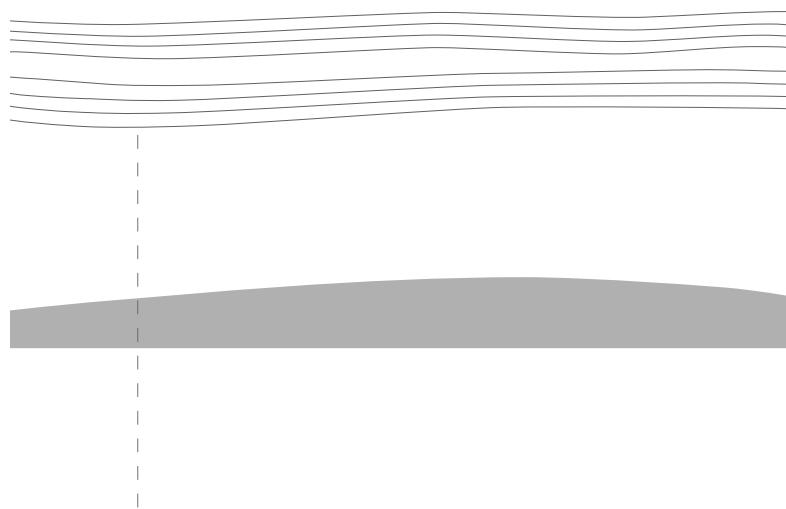
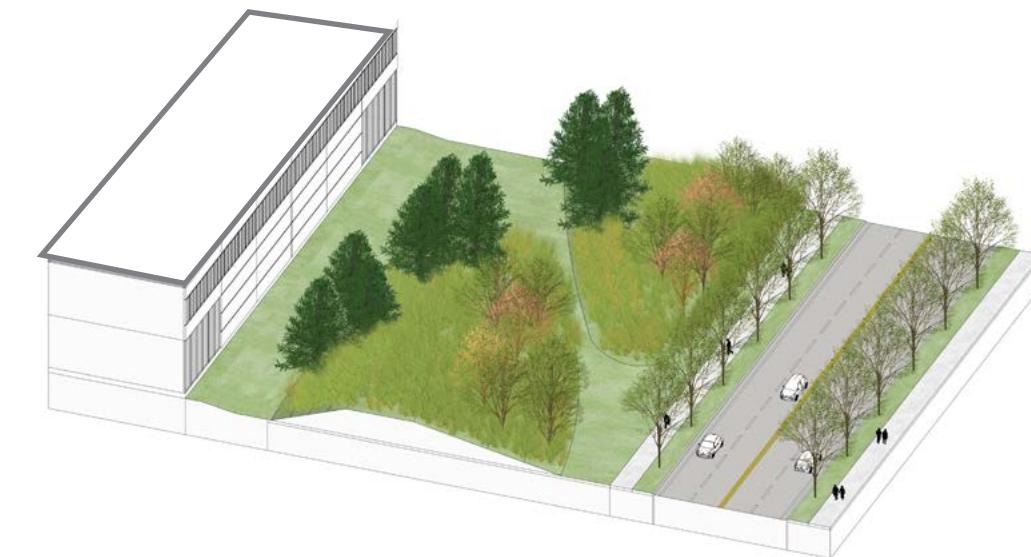
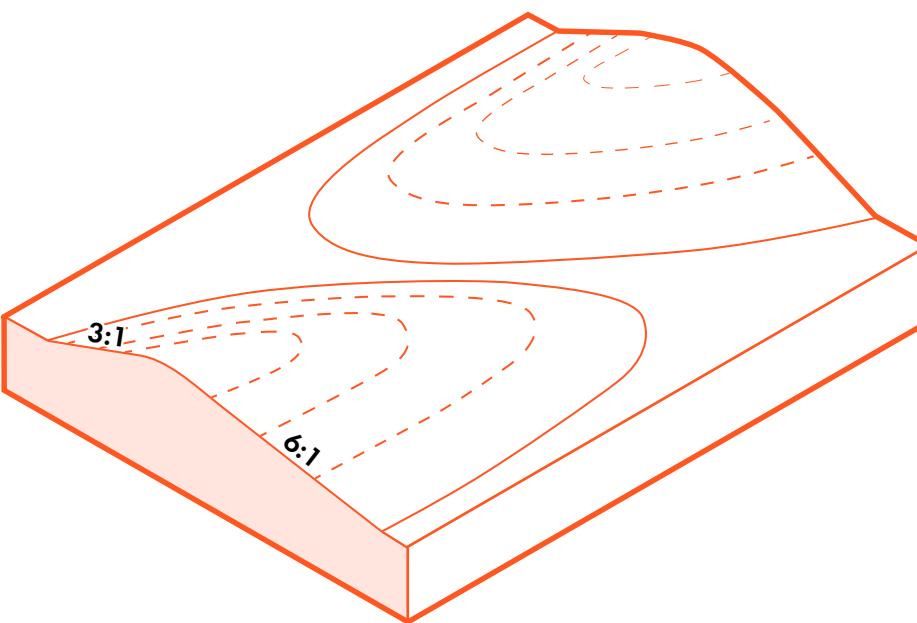
Overlapping & Undulating

MOUNDING CONSIDERATIONS

Traditional toothpaste mounds

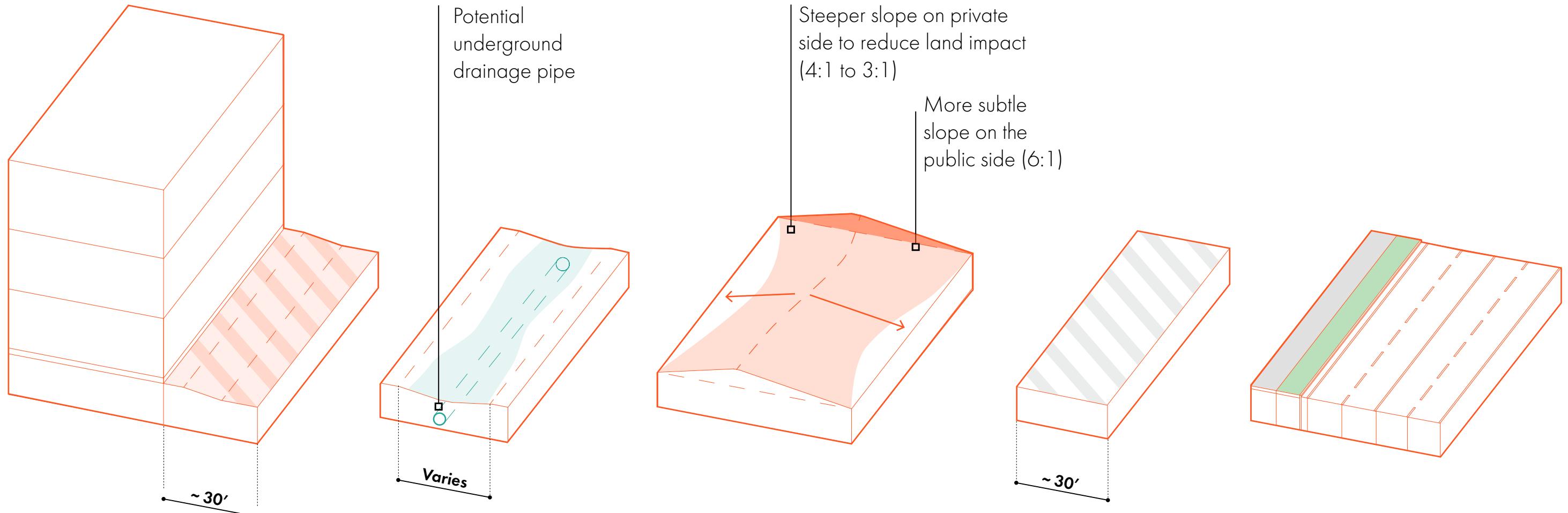


Overlapping/undulating mounds



Components

MOULDING CONSIDERATIONS



Building runoff

Space between mound and building face for drainage, user access/circulation, and emergency access.

Development stormwater & mound runoff

Space at the base of each side of mound for water runoff. This zone can be utilized for development stormwater requirements.

Mounds

Height of the berm: 6' to 14'

Potential underground utility easement

Right-of-Way

Stormwater Considerations

TWO APPROACHES

While meeting the screening goals is the primary priority, in areas where setback space allows for stormwater management, there are two approaches:

When setbacks are limited and/or screening is the priority:

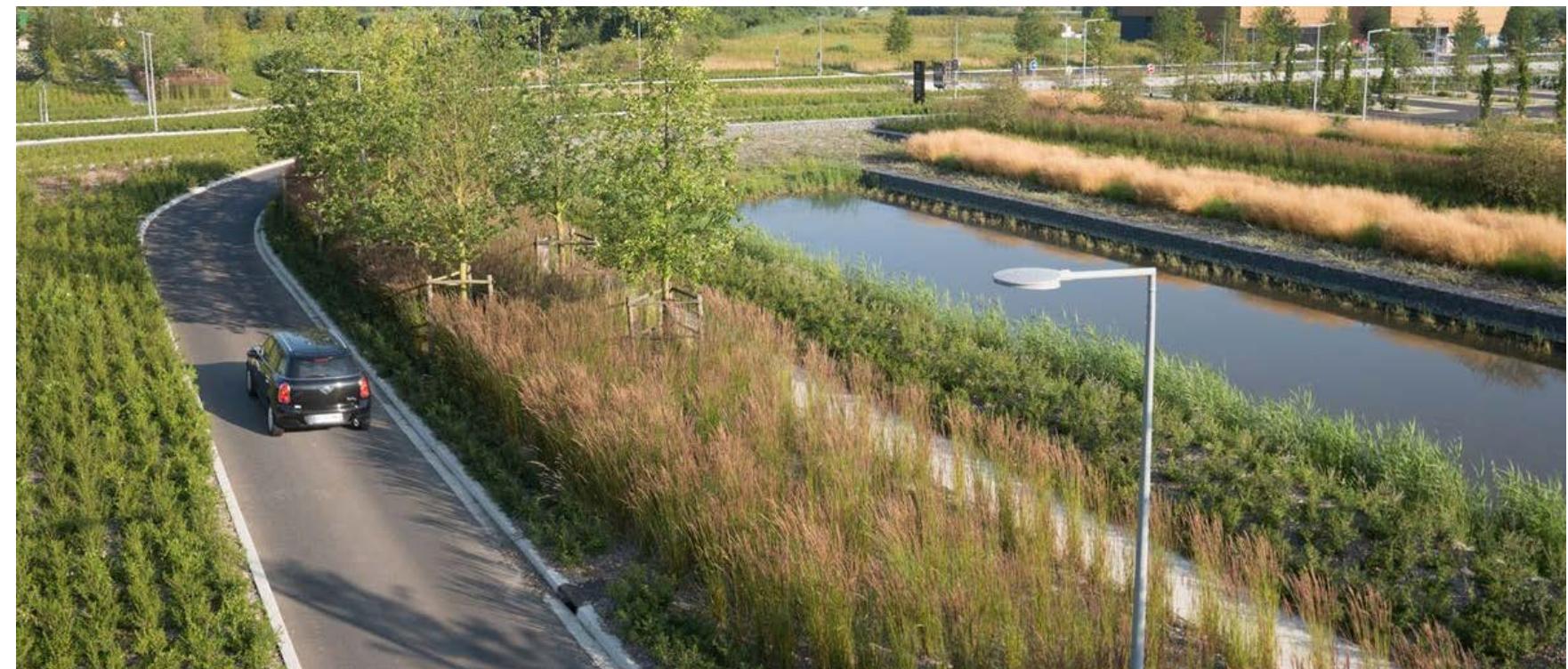
Stormwater can be managed on the private side of the screening components, designed in a more engineered format.



When space allows, and there is a desire to integrate water into the public view:

Stormwater can be designed/integrated into the landscape setbacks where screening is less of a priority.

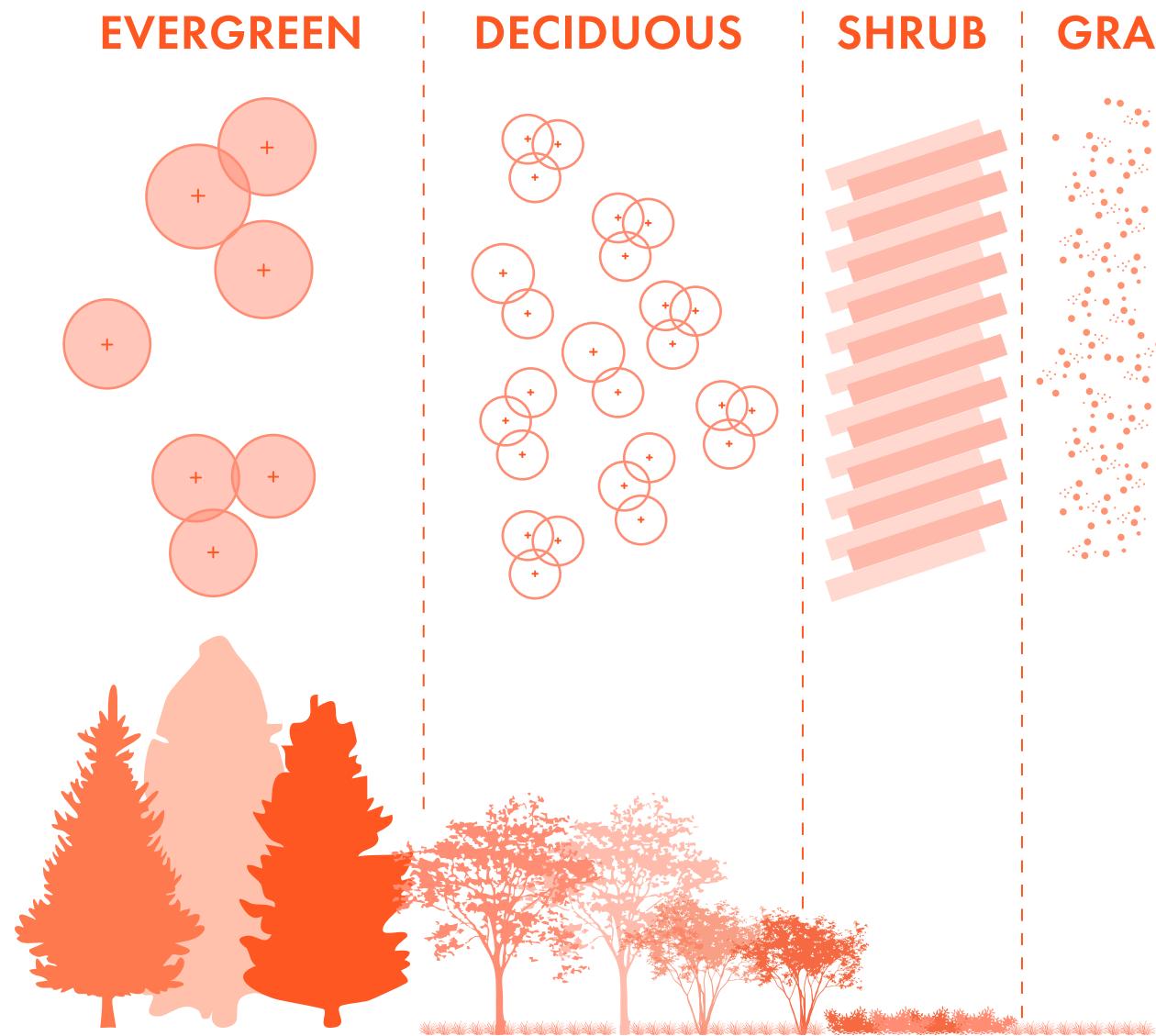
Stormwater interventions can vary anywhere from smaller 6-8' swales and linear rain gardens to larger detention ponds or constructed wetlands.



Layered Approach

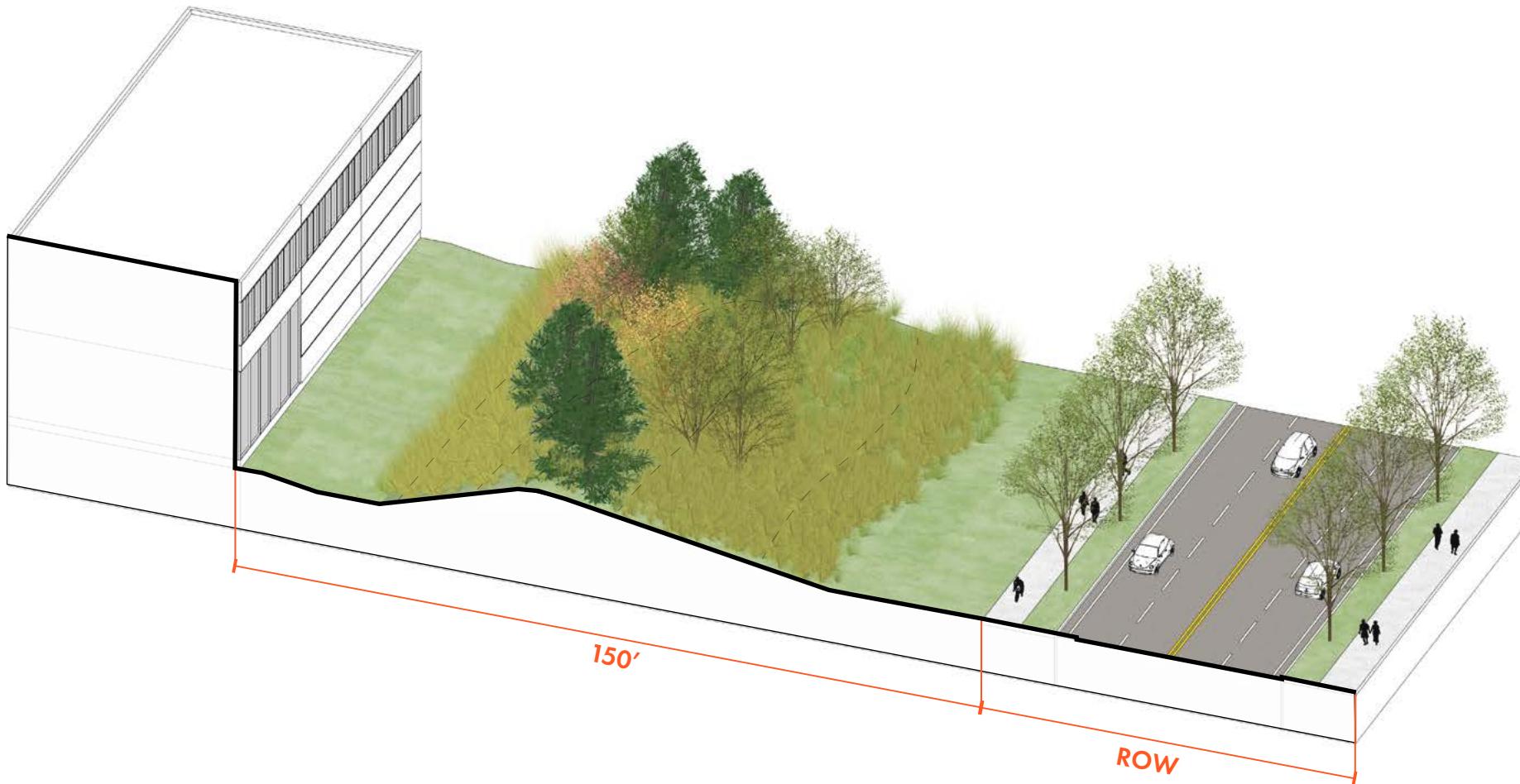
PLANTING CONSIDERATIONS

With or without mounds, planting should occur in four layers of naturalized “drifts” or organic groupings of trees. Consider optional shrub layer planted in rows to mimic agricultural planting.



10' Berm Height

150' SETBACK (MINIMUM)



10' height berm with the front slope of 6:1 and a back slope 4:1

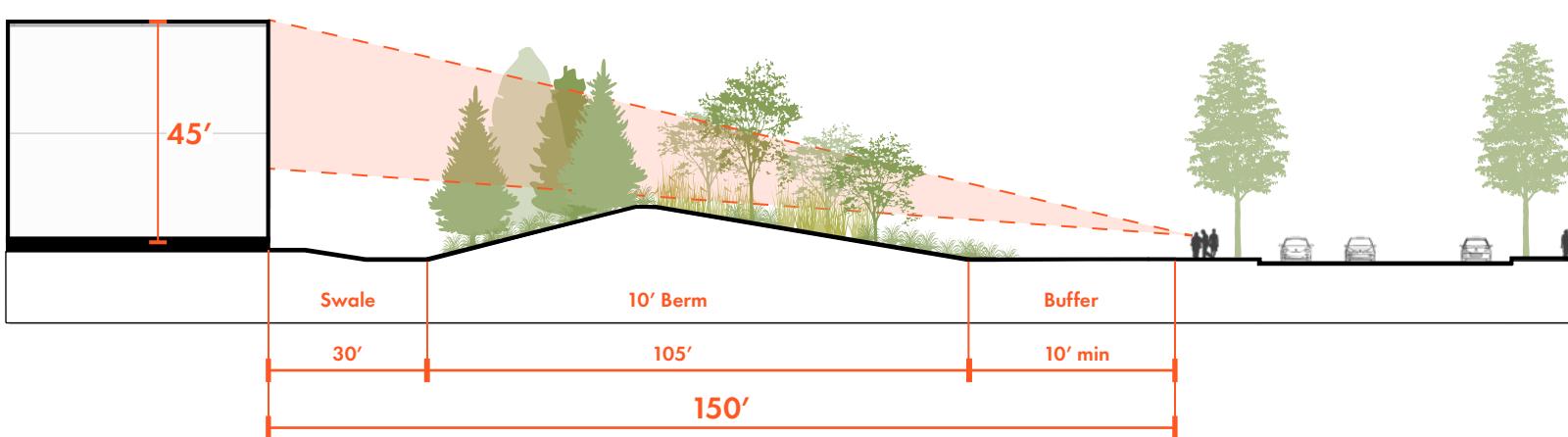
Height 10 ft

Setback 150 ft

Swales Swale located on the private side of the berm to drain away from building.

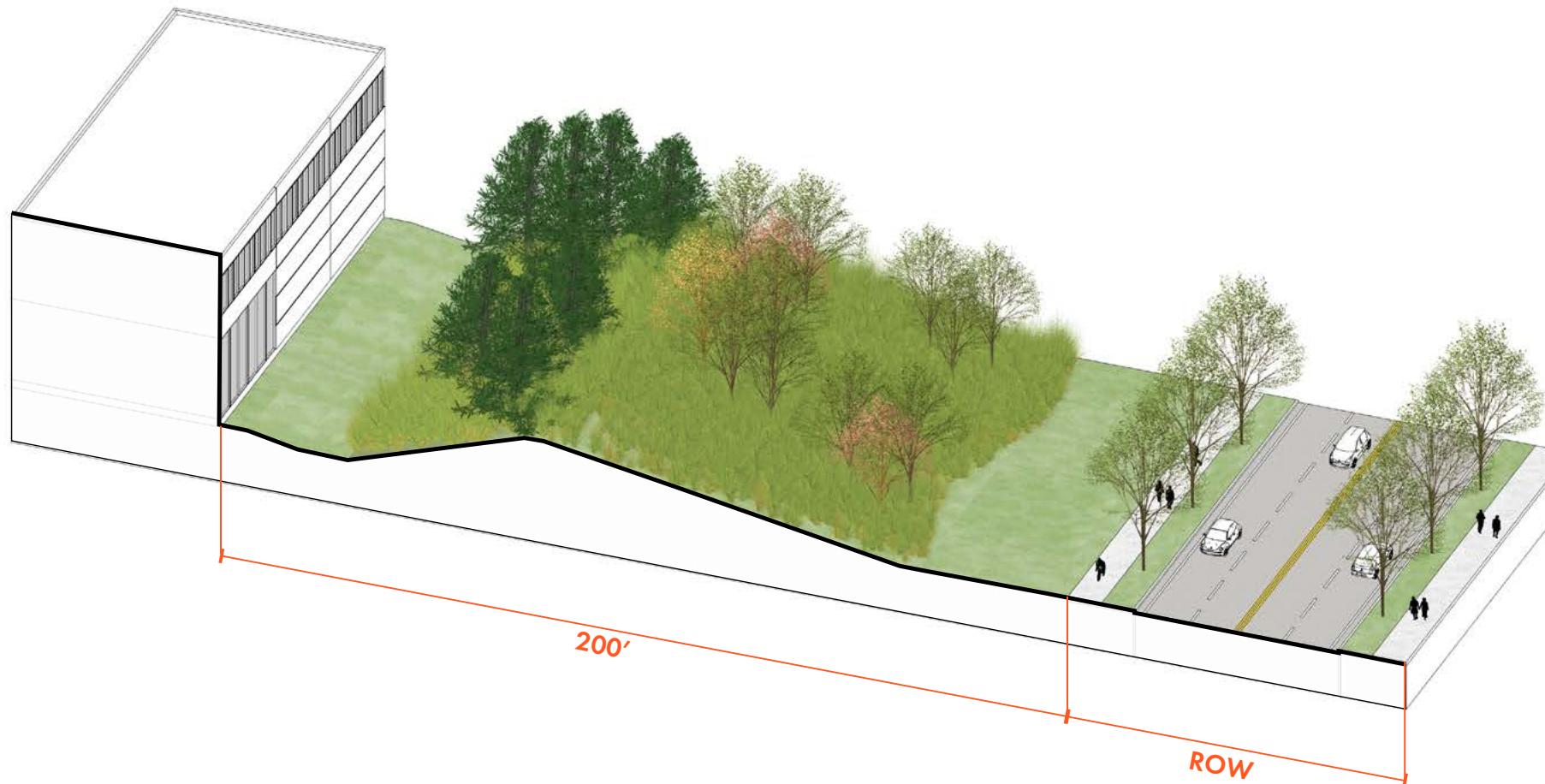
Plants

- Evergreen clusters on private slope of mounds, deciduous clusters on public slope
- No-mow or meadow grasses on front slope of mound
- Mown turf in 10' R.O.W. buffer



14' Berm Height

200' SETBACK (MINIMUM)



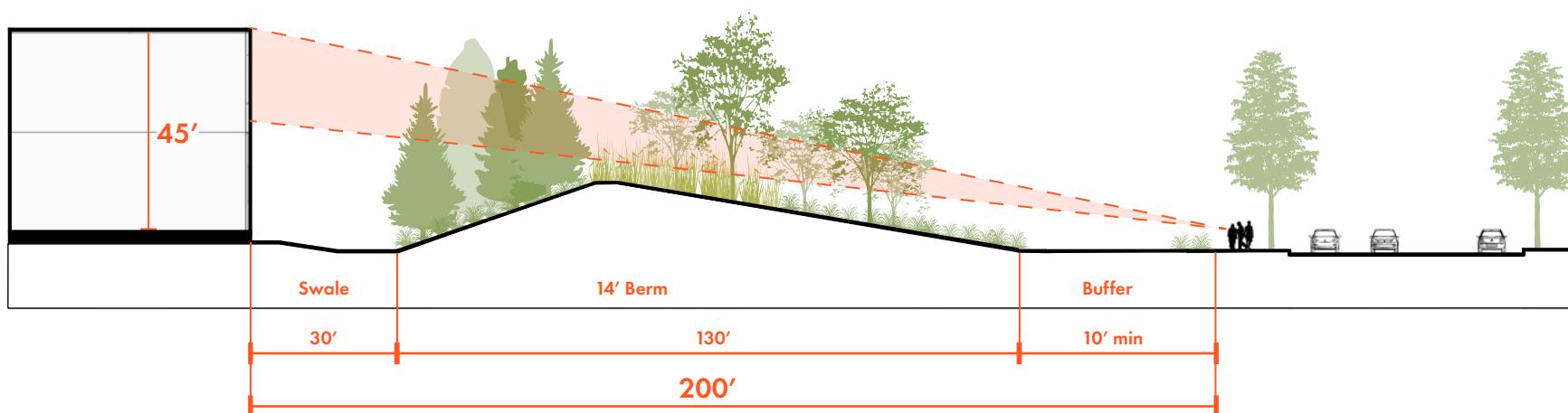
14' height berm with the front slope of 6:1 and a back slope 3:1

Height 14 ft

Setback 200 ft

Swales Swale located on the private side of the berm to drain away from building.

Plants - Evergreen clusters on private slope of mounds, deciduous clusters on public slope
- No-mow or meadow grasses on front slope of mound
- Mown turf in 10' R.O.W. buffer

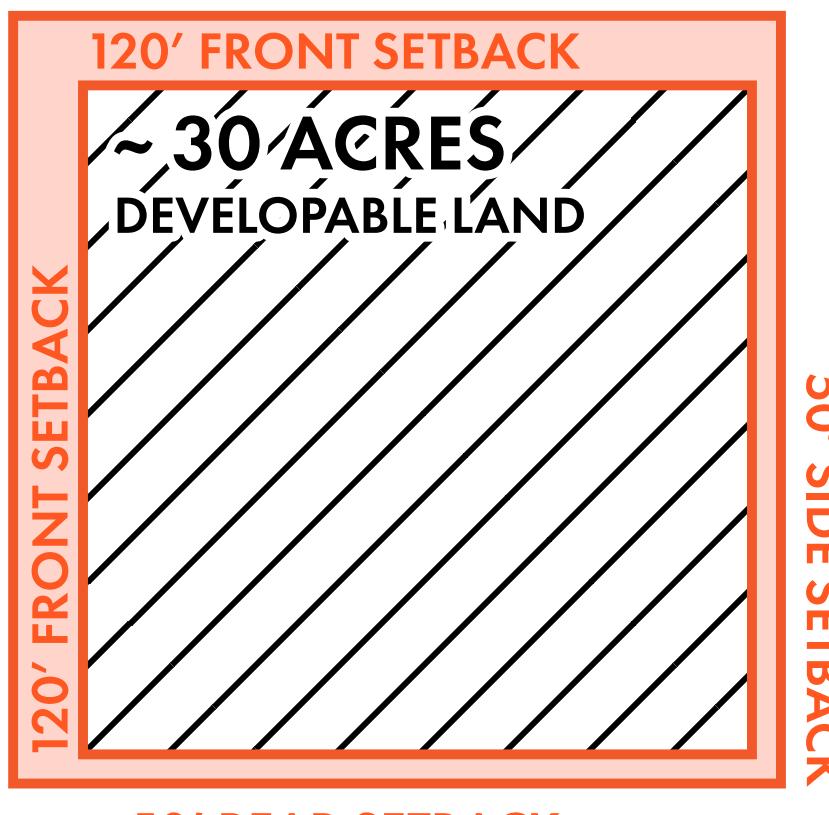


Balancing Setbacks and Developable Land

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

120' SETBACKS

40 ACRE PARCEL



150' SETBACKS

40 ACRE PARCEL



200' SETBACKS

40 ACRE PARCEL



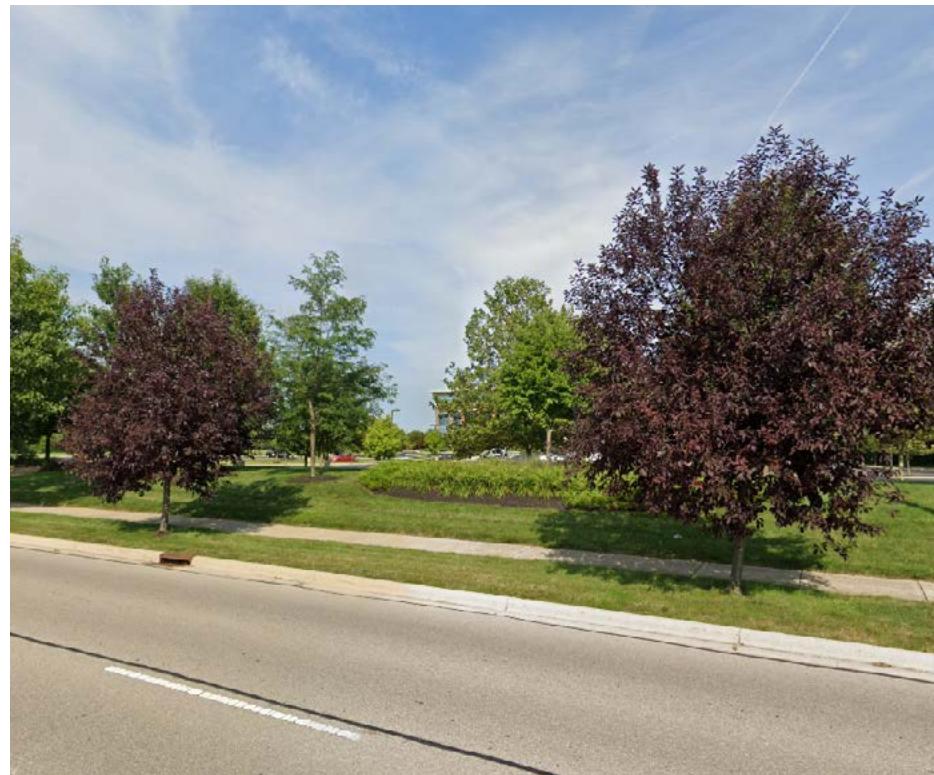
DISTRICTWIDE APPROACH

Setback Approaches



ENHANCED BUFFERING

Primary Screening
(Service Areas, Buildings, Parking)



TRADITIONAL LANDSCAPE

Limited Condition Screening
(Service Areas, Parking)



ICONIC MOMENTS

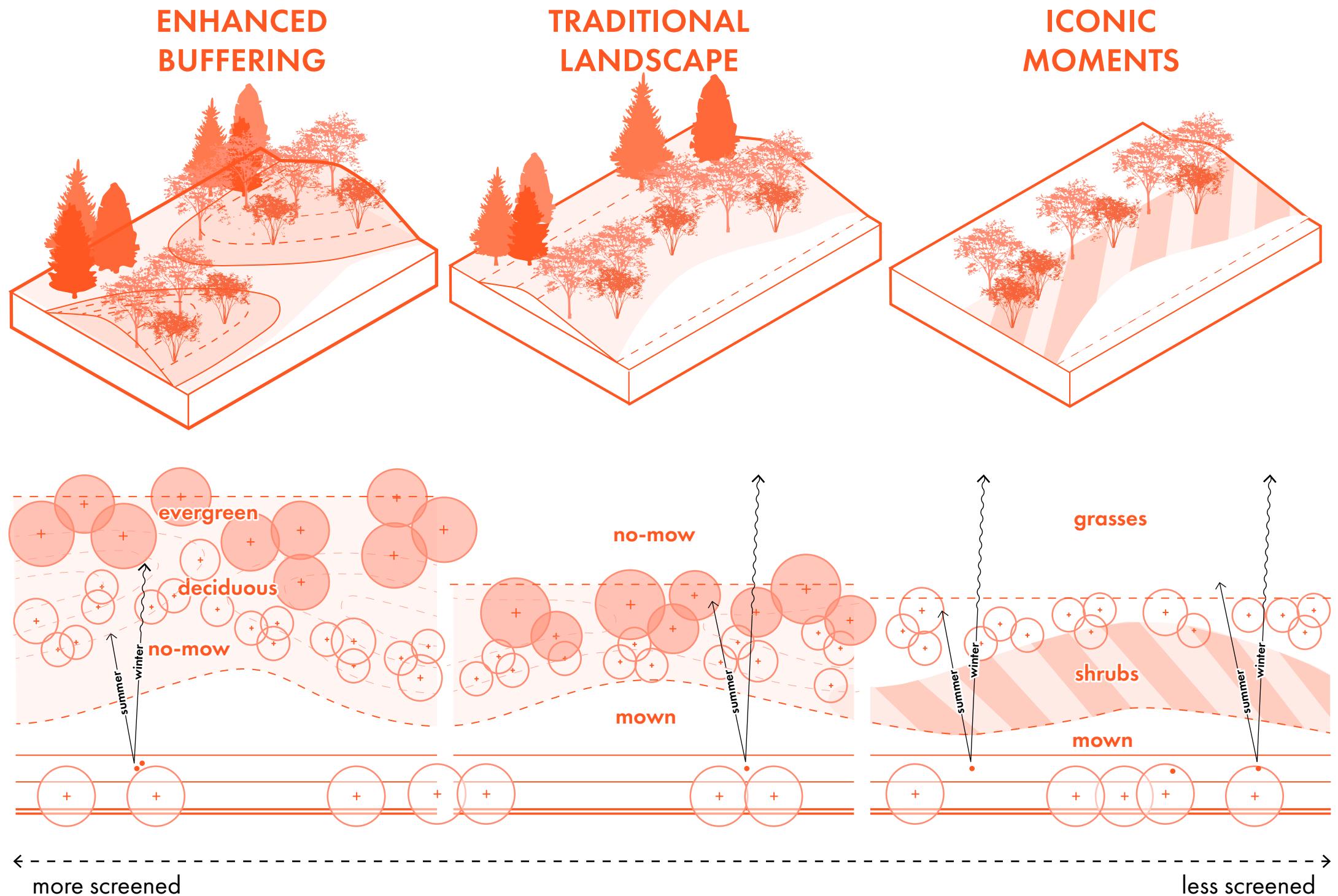
Gateway Opportunities
(Entry Experience, Roundabouts, Transition Zones)

What Does This Mean in Terms of Landscape?

SETBACK APPROACHES

Varying conditions with consistent character.

Creating environmental corridors and new habitats.



Enhanced Buffering

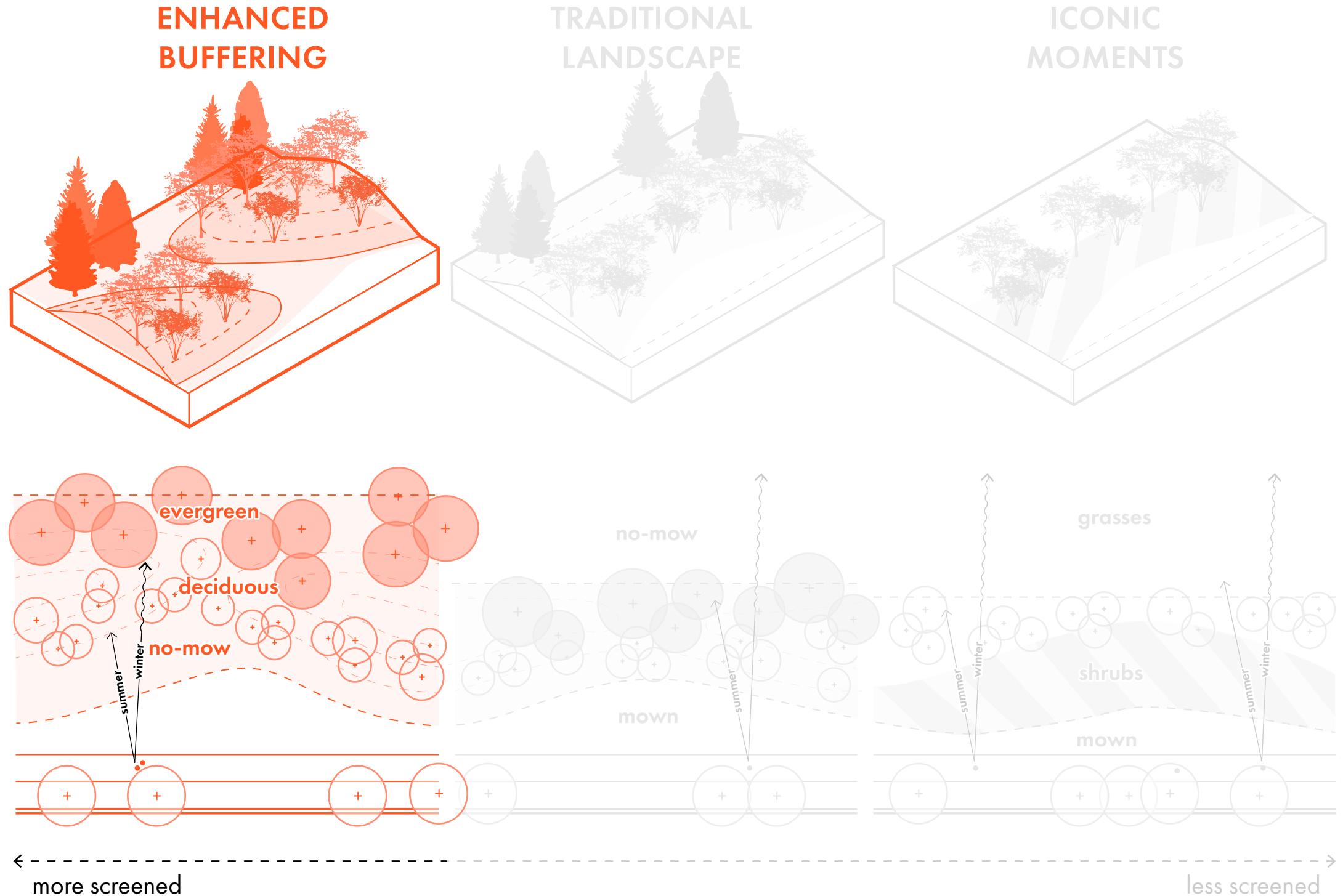
SETBACK APPROACHES

Key Considerations

- Large, overlapping and undulating planted mounds
- Provides the most screening
- Suitable for areas of adjacent residential and industrial development

WHERE TO IMPLEMENT

- Along key public arterials when space allows
- Corridors adjacent to residential land uses



Traditional Landscape

SETBACK APPROACHES

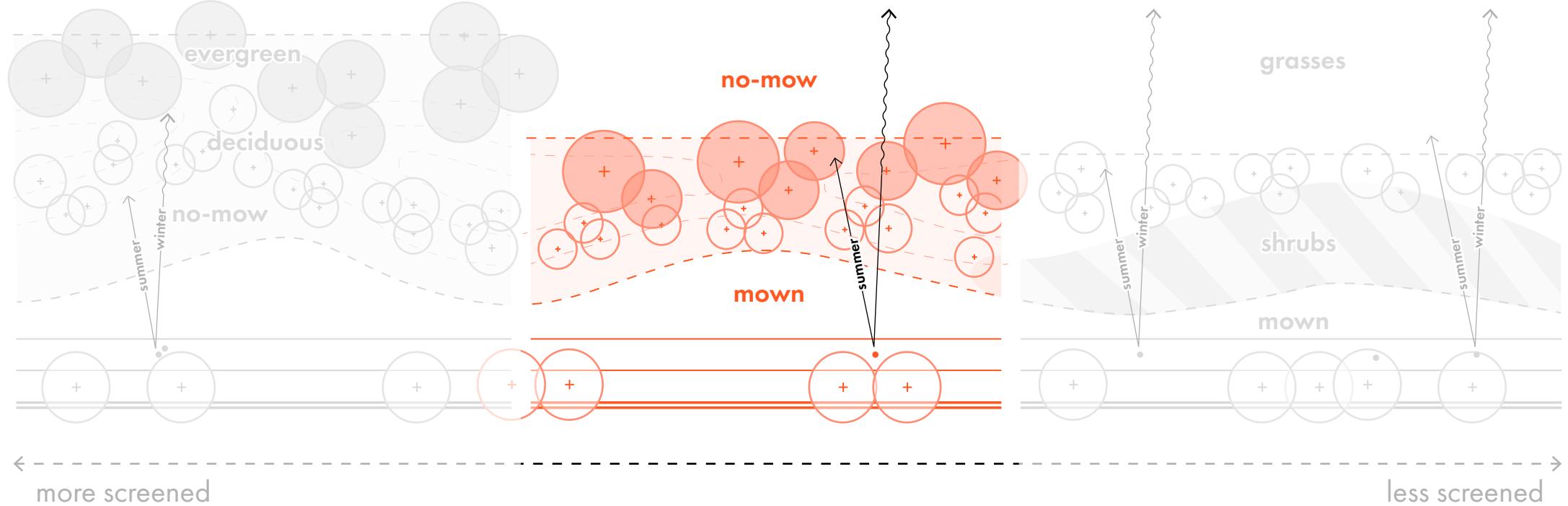
Key Considerations

- Little to no mounding, used to screen parking or small utility areas
- Screening achieved with dense planting
- Allows some visibility to building architecture
- Suitable for areas of adjacent industrial development or key architecture to showcase



WHERE TO IMPLEMENT

- Along corridors adjacent to other industrial land uses or interior roads within industrial parks
- Areas where architecture /development can be showcased



Iconic Moments

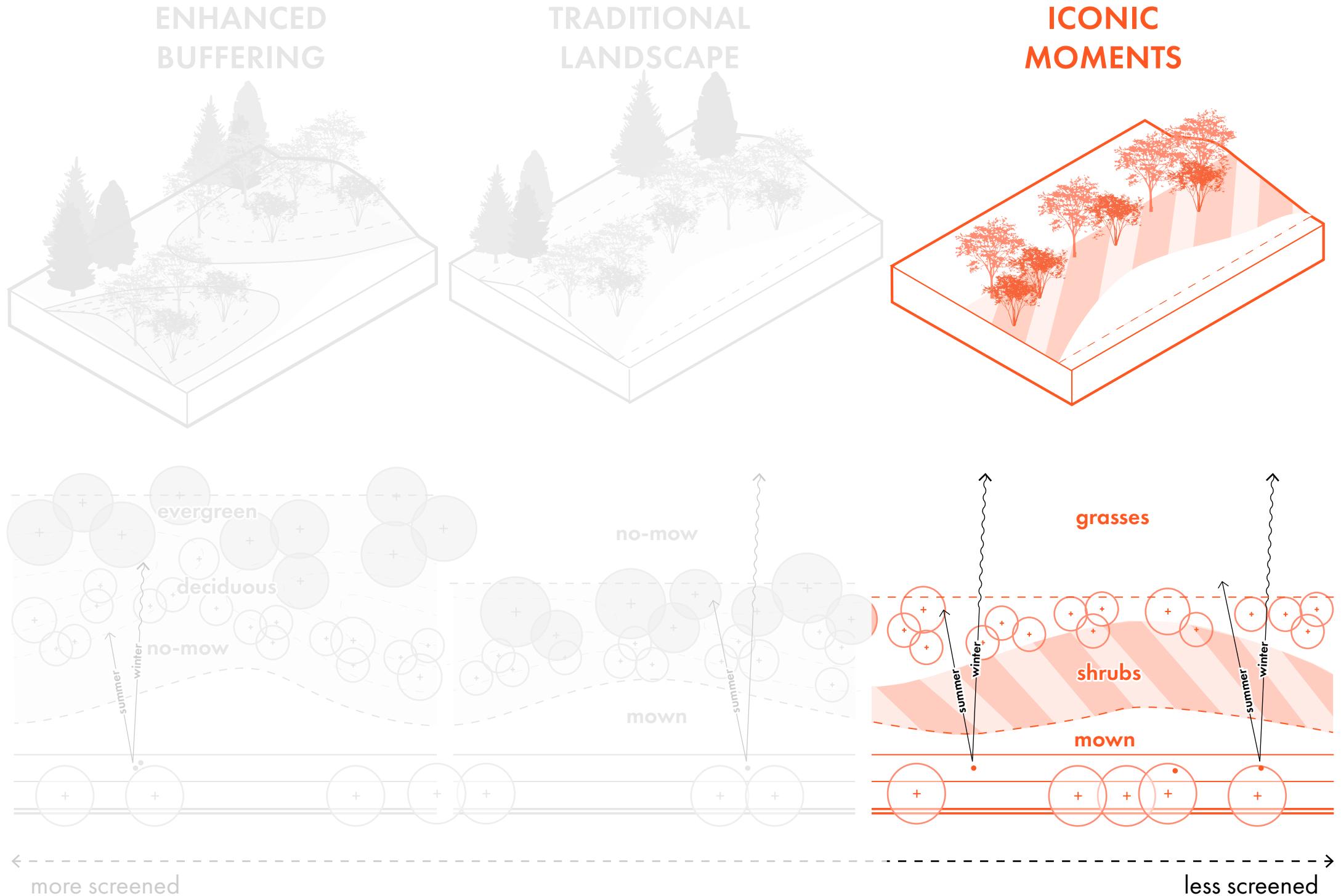
SETBACK APPROACHES

Key Considerations

- Sculptural mounding and/or planting
- Allows most visibility
- Suitable for key intersections and transitional moments
- Artwork and placemaking

WHERE TO IMPLEMENT

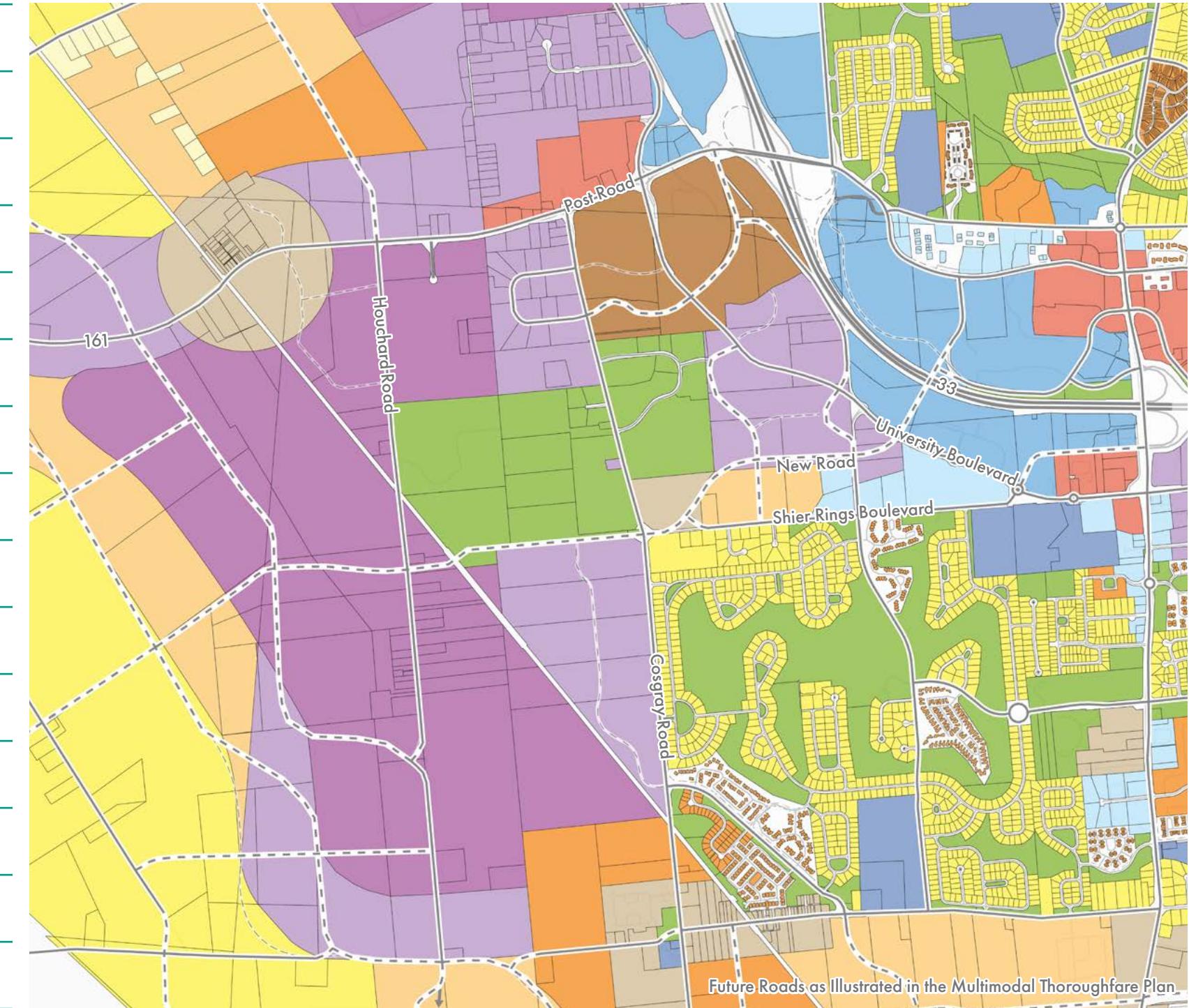
- Key intersections and roundabouts
- Areas where development is to be showcased or highlighted
- Transition zones from mixed use to industrial
- Primary site entries



Implementation Considerations

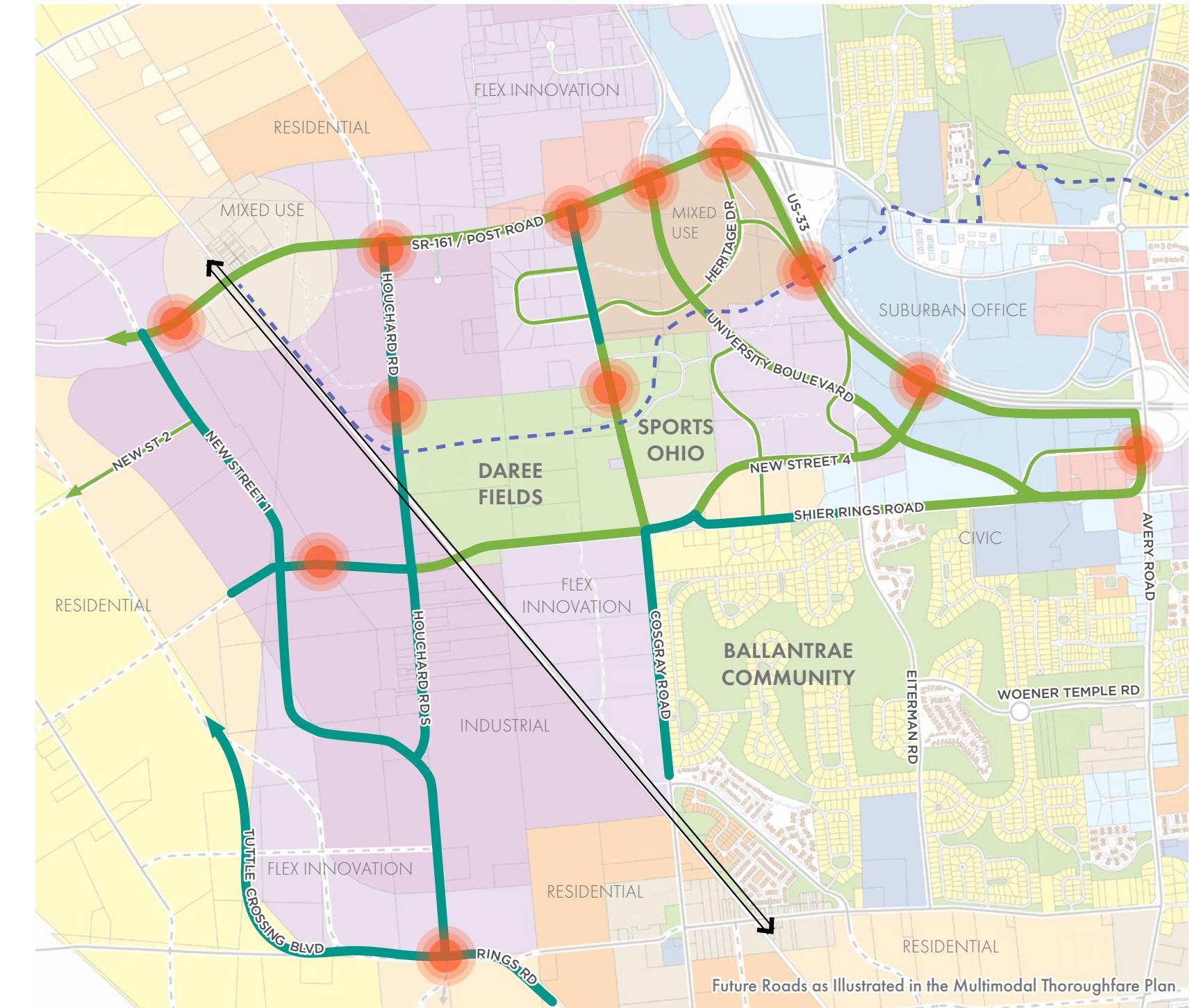
FUTURE LAND USE

	Residential Suburban Density
	Residential Mixed Density
	Residential Medium Density
	Mixed Use Neighborhood
	Mixed Use Center
	Suburban Commercial
	Neighborhood Office
	Suburban Office
	Flex Innovation
	Industrial
	Civic/ Community
	Park/ Open Space *subject to change around Darree and Sports Ohio/ the PAC*
—	Existing Road
— — —	Future Road (Multimodal Thoroughfare Plan)
— - -	Future Road (West Innovation District Illustrative Plan)



Implementation Considerations

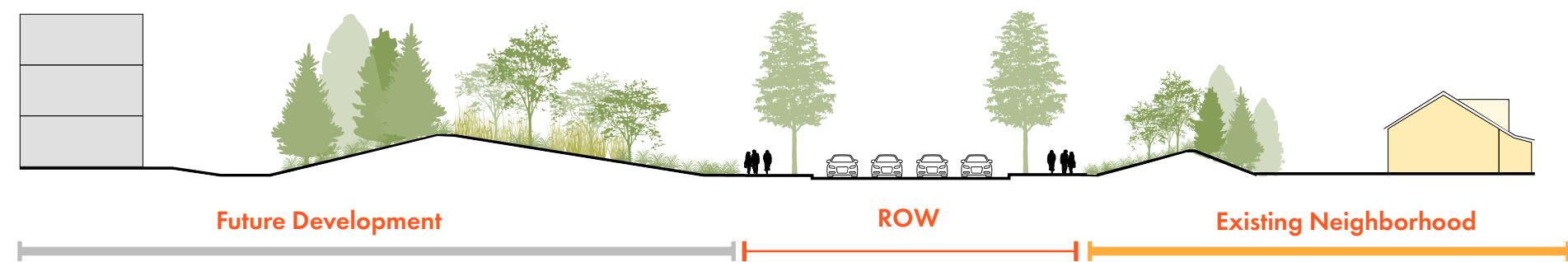
- Enhanced Buffering
- Traditional Landscape
- Iconic Moments (intersections)
- Preferred Signature Trail Route



PROPOSED ID-6 CONSIDERATIONS

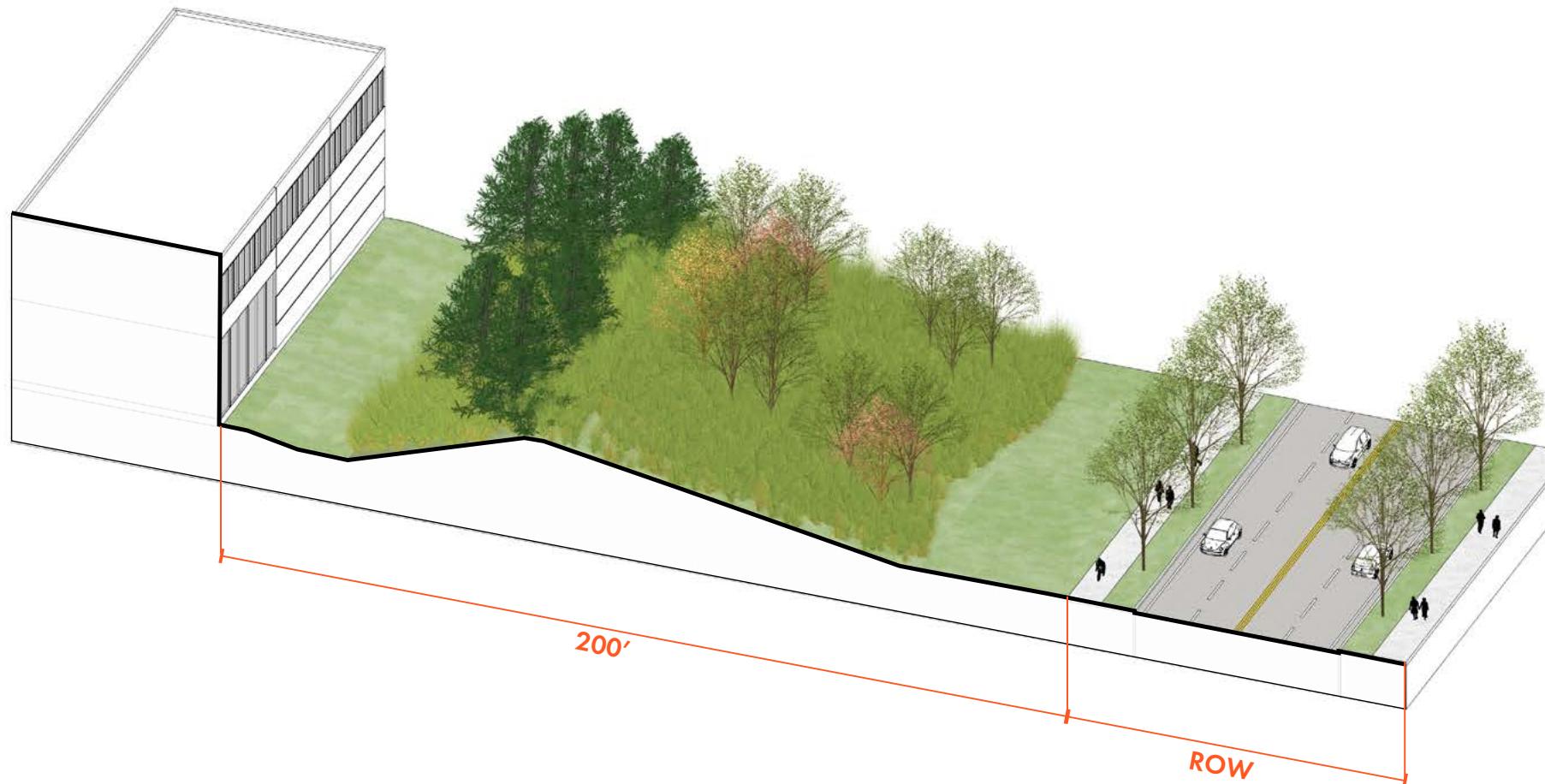
Enhanced Buffering

SETBACK APPROACH



10'-14' Berm Height (Cosgray Rd)

200' SETBACK



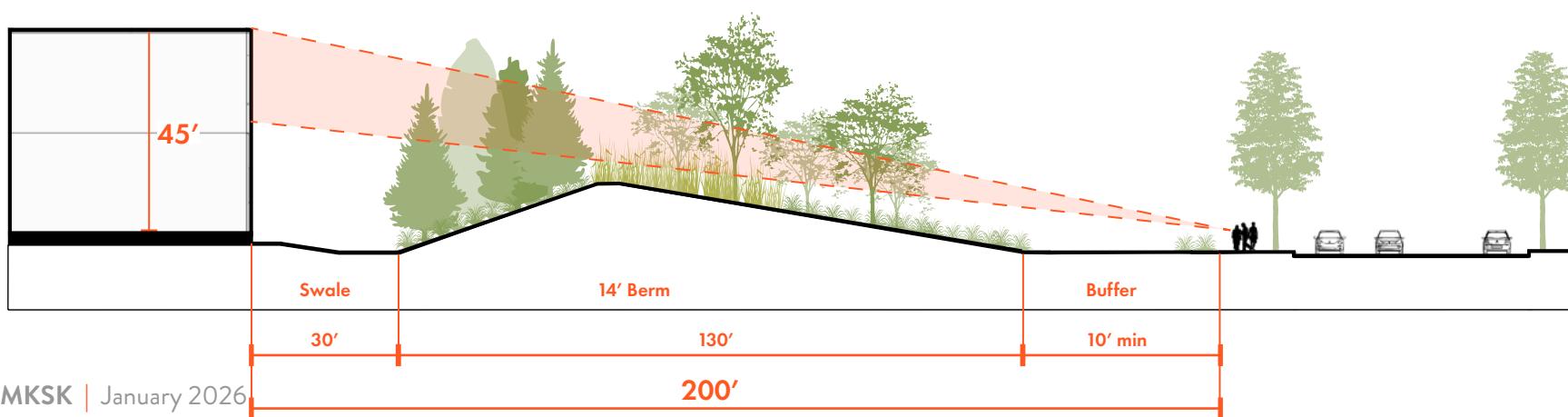
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Cosgray Road

CONCEPTUAL VISUALIZATION (10'-14' MOUNDING)



Cosgray Road & Shier Rings Road

CONCEPTUAL VISUALIZATION (8'-14' MOUNDING)

